

# **Chapter 12: Mass-Balance Modeling**

**1999 Annual Report, Onondaga Lake Ambient Monitoring Program**

**W. Walker for Onondaga County DD&S**

**Draft - August 2000**

**Mass-Balance Framework**

**Database Updates**

**Nutrient Mass Balances**

**Total Phosphorus**

**Total Nitrogen**

**Trophic Response Models**

**Chlorophyll-a**

**Algal Bloom Frequencies**

**Secchi Depth**

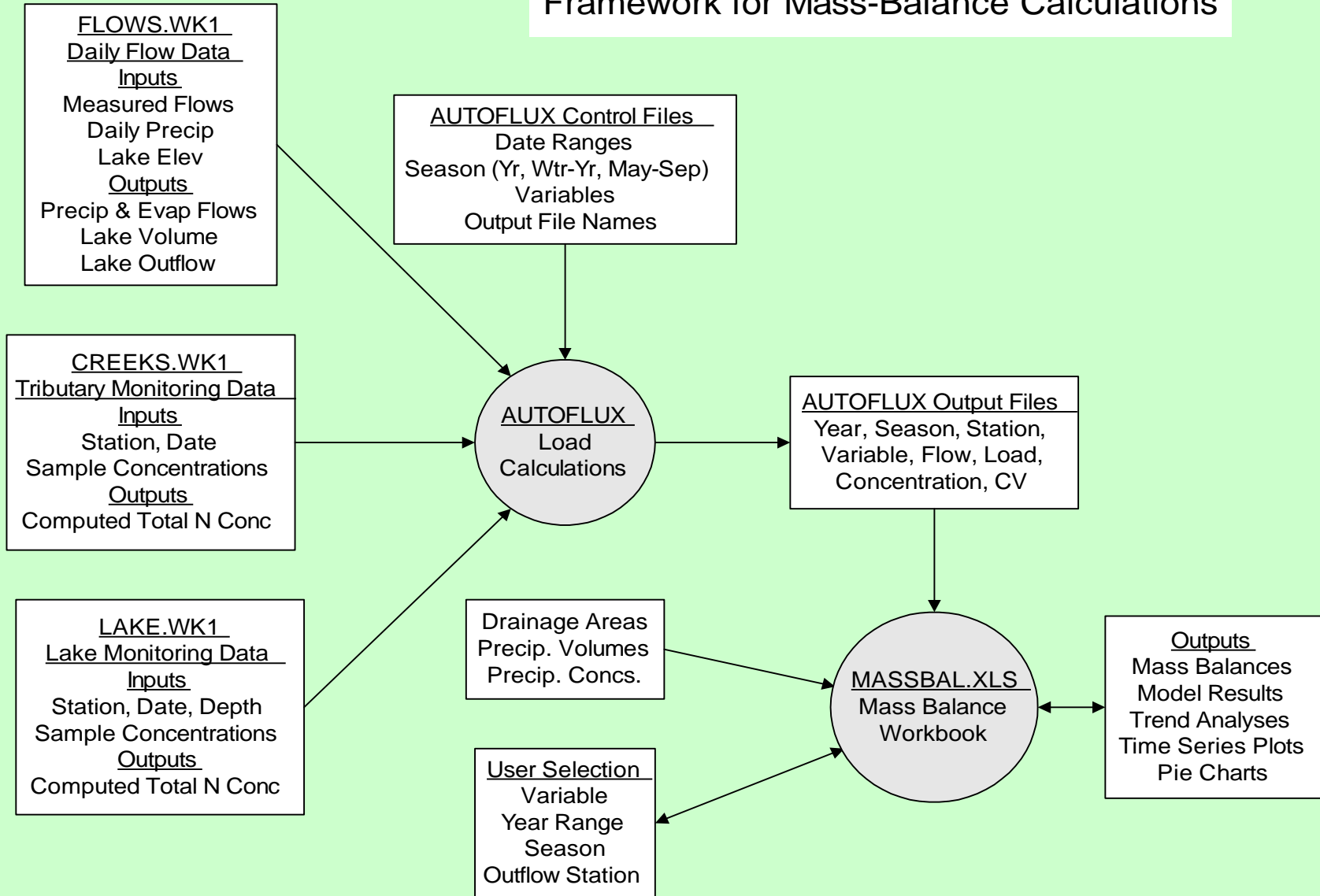
**Secchi Interval Frequencies**

**Hypolimnetic Oxygen Depletion Rate**

**Model Implementation**

**Conclusions & Recommendations**

# Framework for Mass-Balance Calculations



# Onondaga Lake Mass Balance Analysis

W.Walker, for Onondaga County D&S, July 2000

## Select Variable

- ALK
- BOD5
- CA
- CL
- FCOLI
- NA
- NH3N
- NO2N
- NO3N
- ORTHOP\_F
- TIC
- TIP
- TKN
- TN
- TOC
- TP**
- TSS

## Select Season

- MaySept
- Year
- WaterYr**

## Select Lake Outlet

- Outlet - 2ft**
- Outlet - 12 ft
- Outlet - Avg
- South Epil.

## Select Model

- Calib. Settling Rate**
- Calib Retention Coef.
- Specified Settling Rate
- Specified Retention Coef

Glossary

## Select Graph

- Inflow\_Volumes
- Inflow\_Loads
- Load\_Variance
- Load\_Trends
- Load\_Source\_Trends
- Conc\_Trends
- FlowAdjConc\_Trends
- FlowAdjLoad\_Trends
- Load\_InOut
- Load\_InOutRet
- LoadOut\_LoadIn
- Conc\_InOut
- Conc\_Outlets
- ConcOut\_ConcIn
- Non\_Point
- Pie\_Flows
- Pie2\_Flows
- Pie\_Loads
- Pie2\_Loads
- Pie\_Variance
- Model\_Conc
- Model\_Load
- Model\_Param**
- Model\_Diagnostics
- Model\_Epil

View Graph

## Select Table

- Sample\_Counts
- Detailed Mass-Balance
- Trend\_Summary
- Trends\_All
- Trends\_Flows
- Trends\_Loads**
- Trends\_Concs
- Trends\_FlowAdjLoads
- Trends\_FlowAdjConcs
- Trend\_CrossTab\_Loads
- Trend\_CrossTab\_Concs
- Model\_Calcs
- Model\_CrossTab
- Inputs\_AUTOFLUX
- Inputs\_DrainageAreas
- Inputs\_Precip
- Inputs\_VariableIndex

View Table

Update CrossTabs

## Select Term

- Allied
- Crucible
- Harbor/Hiwatha
- Ley/Park
- Ninemile/Rt48
- Onond./Kirkpatrick
- Harbor/Velasko
- Onondaga/Dorwin
- Total Gauged
- NonPoint Gauged
- Ungauged
- Total NonPoint
- Total Industrial
- Total Municipal
- Total External
- Precip
- Evap
- Total Inflow**
- Total Outflow
- Retention
- Outlet2
- Outlet12

View Table

Trend Plots

Enter Year Ranges (>= 1986)

Calibration **1995** to **1999**  
 Total **1986** to **1999**

OK

User Input Cells are Red

Hit Cntrl-m to Return to This Page

Version Date:

8/9/00

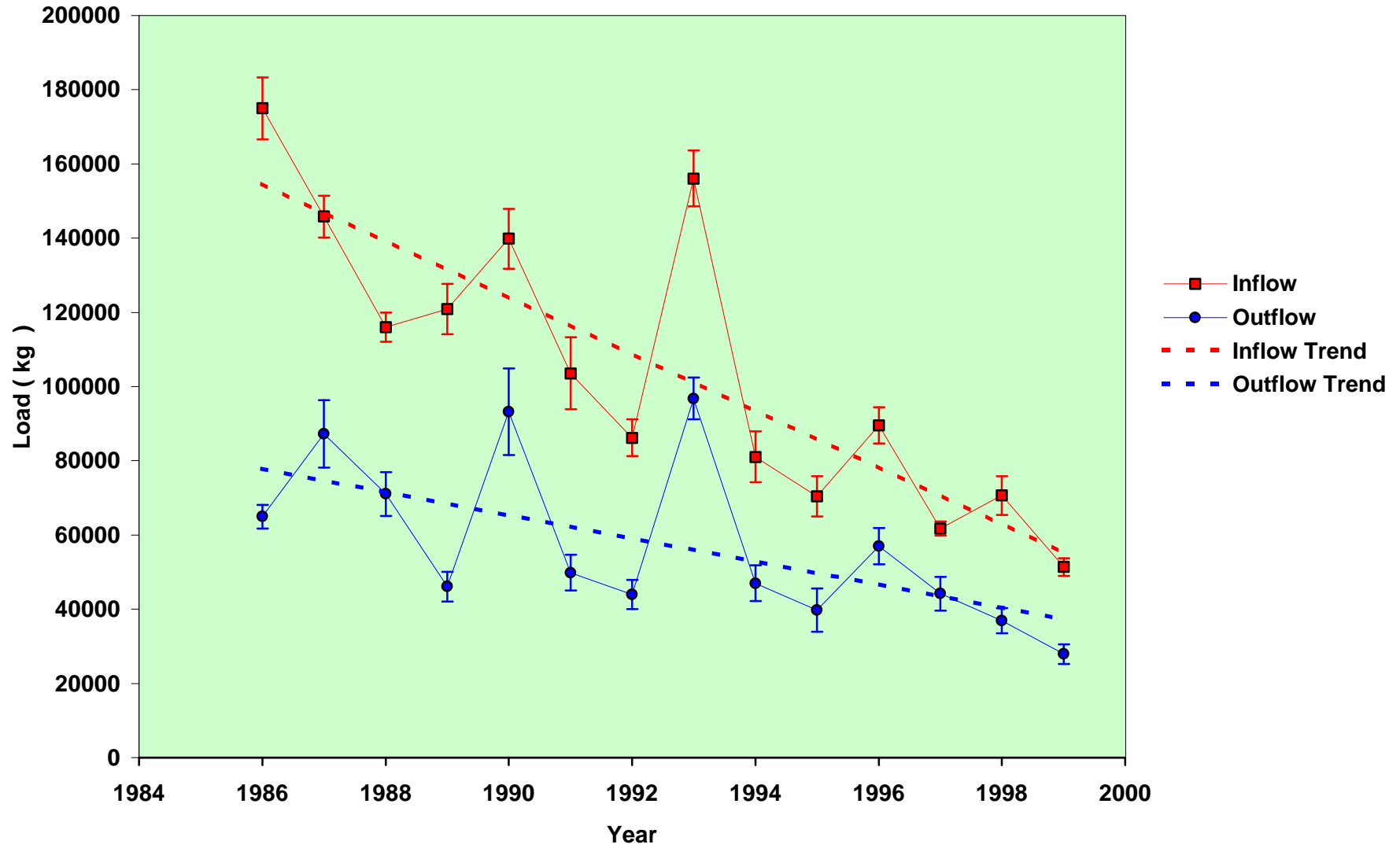
Variable:	Total Phosphorus			Average for Years: 1995 thru 1999				Season: WaterYr				
	Flow	Load	Std Error	Conc	RSE	Samp.	Percent of Total Inflow			Drain.	Runoff	Export
Term	10 <sup>6</sup> m <sup>3</sup>	kg	kg	ppb	%	Count	Flow %	Load %	Error %	Area km <sup>2</sup>	cm	kg / km <sup>2</sup>
Metro Effluent	90.02	40619	502	451	1%	348	22%	59%	7%			
Metro Bypass	1.70	2521	94	1487	4%	42	0%	4%	0%			
East Flume	0.30	66	2	220	3%	26	0%	0%	0%			
Crucible	0.63	43	2	68	6%	27	0%	0%	0%			
Harbor Brook	7.76	460	45	59	10%	27	2%	1%	0%	29.3	26.5	15.7
Ley Creek	32.27	4266	677	132	16%	26	8%	6%	13%	77.5	41.6	55.0
Ninemile Creek	117.57	7815	1085	66	14%	26	29%	11%	33%	298.1	39.4	26.2
Onondaga Creek	131.35	11359	1288	86	11%	28	32%	17%	46%	285.1	46.1	39.8
Nonpoint Gauged	288.94	23901	1816	83	8%	108	71%	35%	92%	690.0	41.9	34.6
Nonpoint Ungauged	15.51	1283	203	83	16%	0	4%	2%	1%	37.0	41.9	34.6
NonPoint Total	304.45	25183	1827	83	7%	108	75%	37%	93%	727.0	41.9	34.6
Industrial	0.93	109	3	117	3%	53	0%	0%	0%			
Municipal	91.71	43140	511	470	1%	390	22%	63%	7%			
Total External	397.09	68432	1897	172	3%	550	97%	100%	100%	727.0	54.6	94.1
Precipitation	10.69	321	29	30	9%	0	3%	0%	0%	11.7	91.3	27.4
Total Inflow	407.77	68752	1897	169	3%	550	100%	100%	100%	738.7	55.2	93.1
Evaporation	8.86						2%			11.7	75.7	
Outflow	398.92	41148	1970	103	5%		98%	60%	108%	738.7	54.0	55.7
Retention	0.00	27604	2735		10%		0%	40%				
Alternative Estimates of Lake Output												
Outlet 12 Feet	398.92	46698	1980	117	4%	24	98%	68%	109%	738.7	54.0	63.2
Outlet 2 Feet	398.92	41148	1970	103	5%	24	98%	60%	108%	738.7	54.0	55.7
Outlet Average	398.92	43923	1975	110	4%	24	98%	64%	108%	738.7	54.0	59.5
Lake Epil	398.92	45338	2333	114	5%	20	98%	66%	151%	738.7	54.0	61.4
Upstream/Downstream Contrast- Harbor Brook												
Upstream - Velasko	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	25.9	#N/A	#N/A
Downstream - Hiawatha	7.76	460	45	59	10%	27	2%	1%	0%	29.3	26.5	15.7
Local Inflow	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A		#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	3.4	#N/A	#N/A
Upstream/Downstream Contrast - Onondaga Creek												
Upstream - Dorwin	101.57	6463	786	64	12%	28	25%	9%	17%	229.4	44.3	28.2
Downstream - Kirkpatrick	131.35	11359	1288	86	11%	28	32%	17%	46%	285.1	46.1	39.8
Local Inflow	29.77	4897	1509	164	31%		7%	7%	63%	55.7	53.4	87.9
Lake Overflow Rate	34.10 m/yr	Calib. Settling Rate		22.9 m/yr		RSE % = Relative Std. Error of Load & Inflow Conc. Estimates						
Lake Residence Time	0.32 years	Calib. Retention Coef.		40%		Error % = Percent of Variance in Total Inflow Load Estimate						

## Yearly Total Phosphorus Balances Water Years 1986-1999

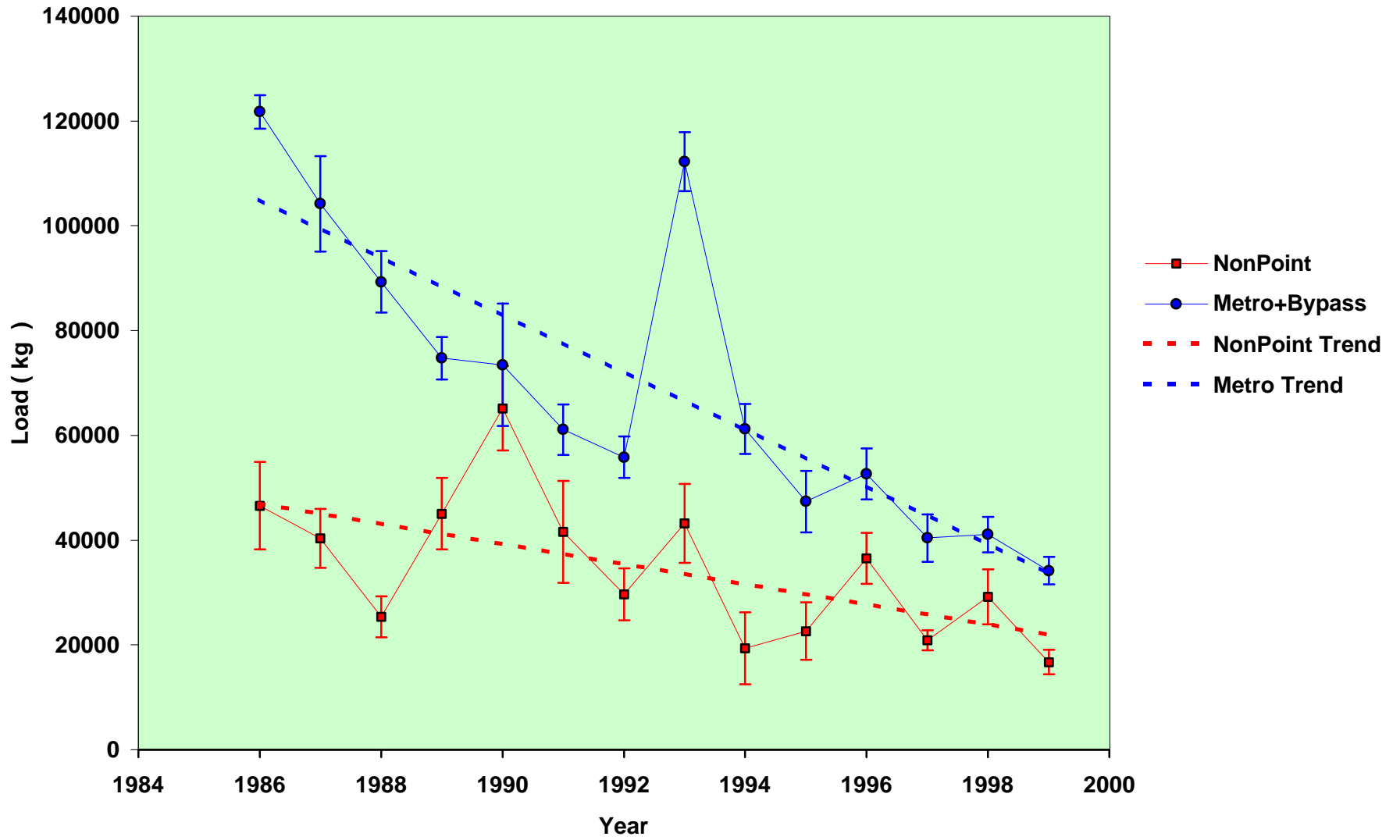
Water <u>Year</u>	<u>Outflow</u> 106 m3	<u>Inflow Load</u>		<u>Metro+Bypass Load</u>		<u>Inflow</u> Conc ppb	<u>Outflow Conc</u> @ 2 ft			<u>Lake South Epil.</u> June-Sept, 0-6 m Concentration	
		kg	RSE%	kg	RSE%		ppb	RSE%	ppb	RSE%	
1986	483.5	174968	5%	121740	6%	362	134	5%	136	5%	
1987	440.5	145808	4%	104222	4%	331	198	10%	120	4%	
1988	341.8	116002	3%	89279	4%	339	208	8%	127	5%	
1989	426.7	120874	6%	74729	5%	283	108	9%	96	11%	
1990	602.3	139838	6%	73460	9%	232	155	13%	88	14%	
1991	536.7	103589	9%	61088	12%	193	93	10%	61	9%	
1992	476.1	86216	6%	55830	7%	181	92	9%	62	18%	
1993	563.7	156070	5%	112279	6%	277	172	6%	132	12%	
1994	478.2	81034	8%	61232	10%	169	98	10%	87	11%	
1995	296.7	70431	8%	47372	3%	237	134	15%	72	13%	
1996	474.2	89570	5%	52661	3%	189	120	9%	68	10%	
1997	444.9	61725	3%	40422	2%	139	99	10%	60	10%	
1998	466.2	70668	7%	41068	2%	152	79	9%	55	8%	
1999	312.5	51366	5%	34174	2%	164	89	9%	54	10%	
95-99	398.9	68752	6%	43140	3%	172	103	11%	62	10%	

RSE = relative standard error = standard error / mean

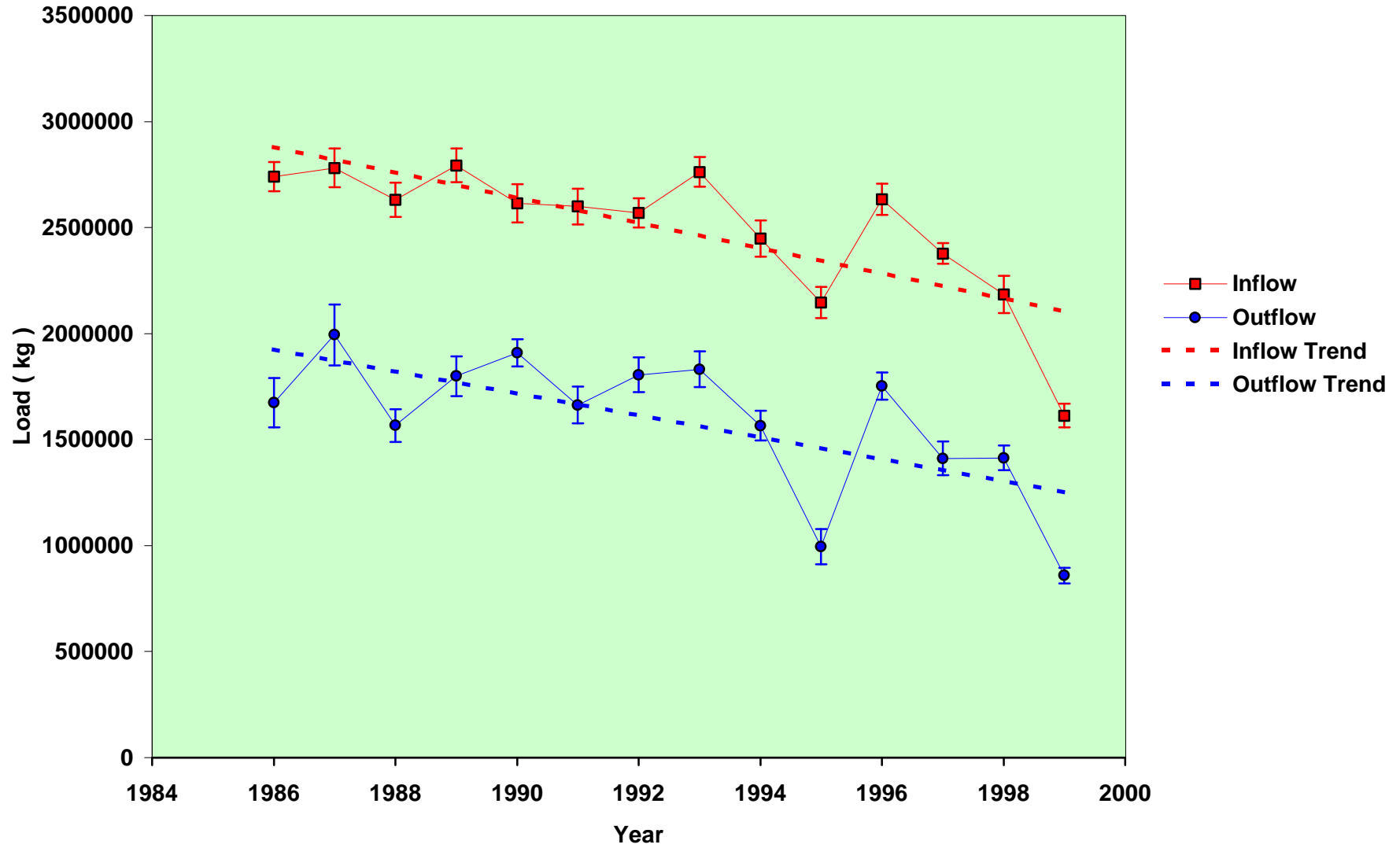
### Total Phosphorus



Total Phosphorus

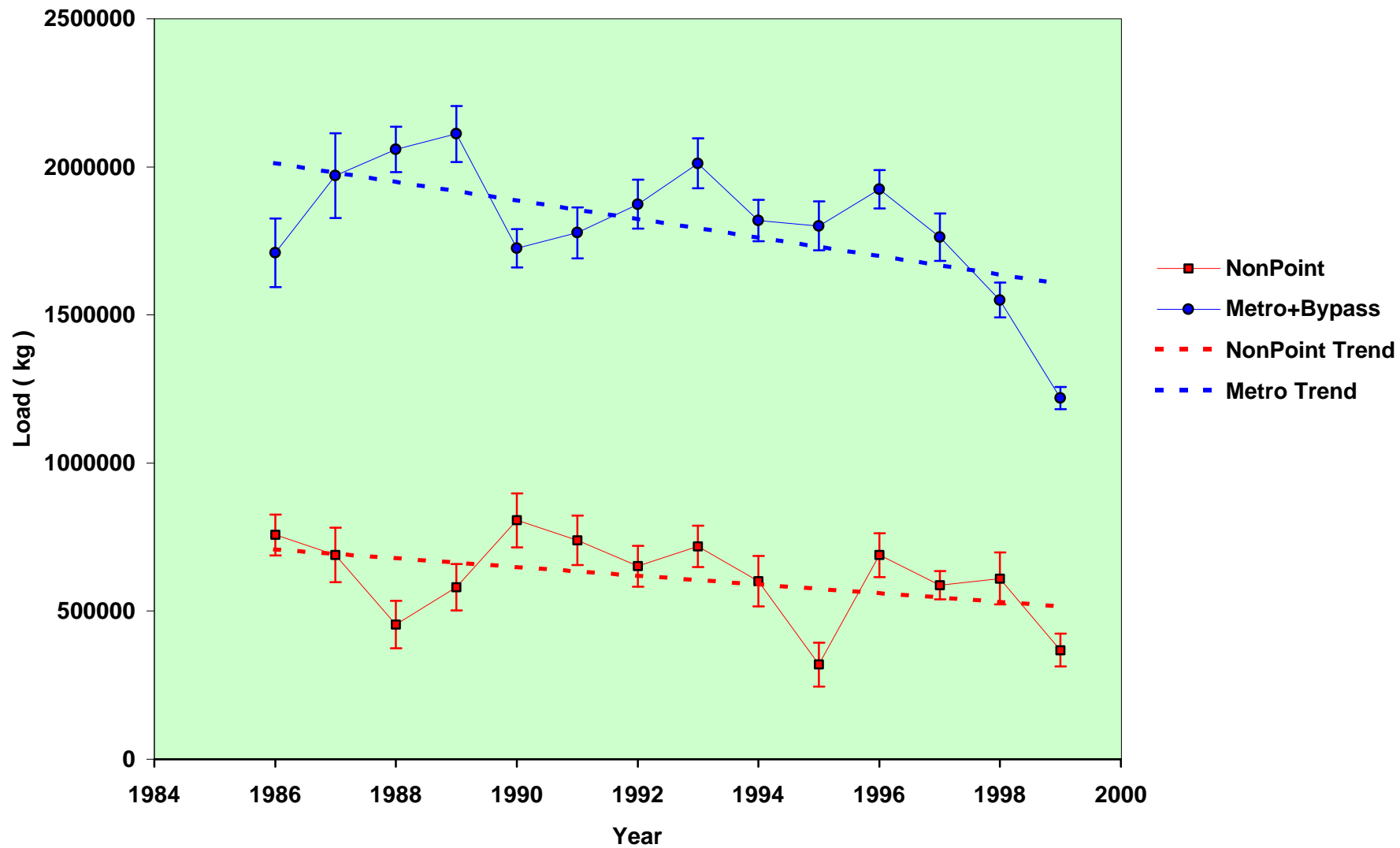


### Total Nitrogen

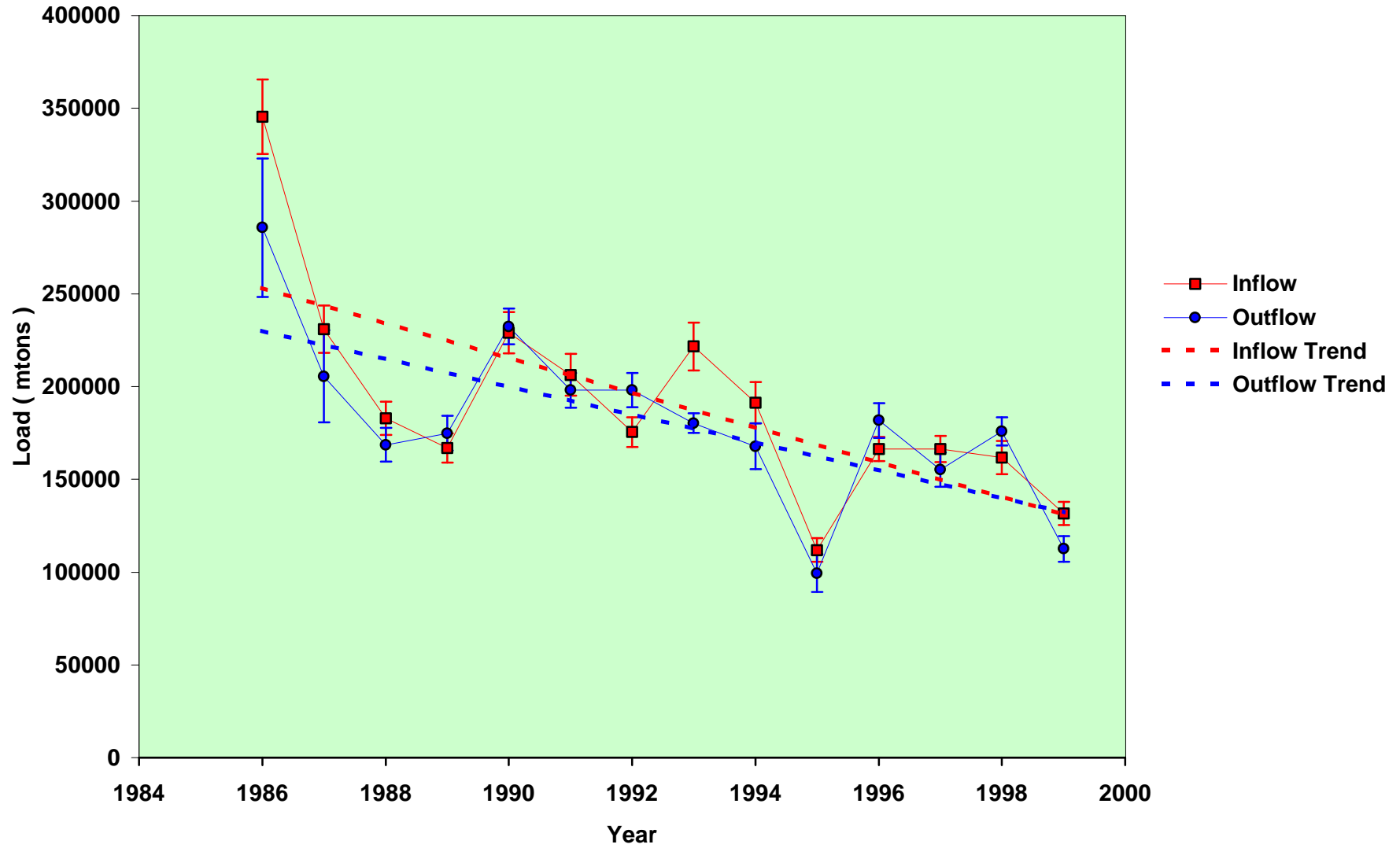




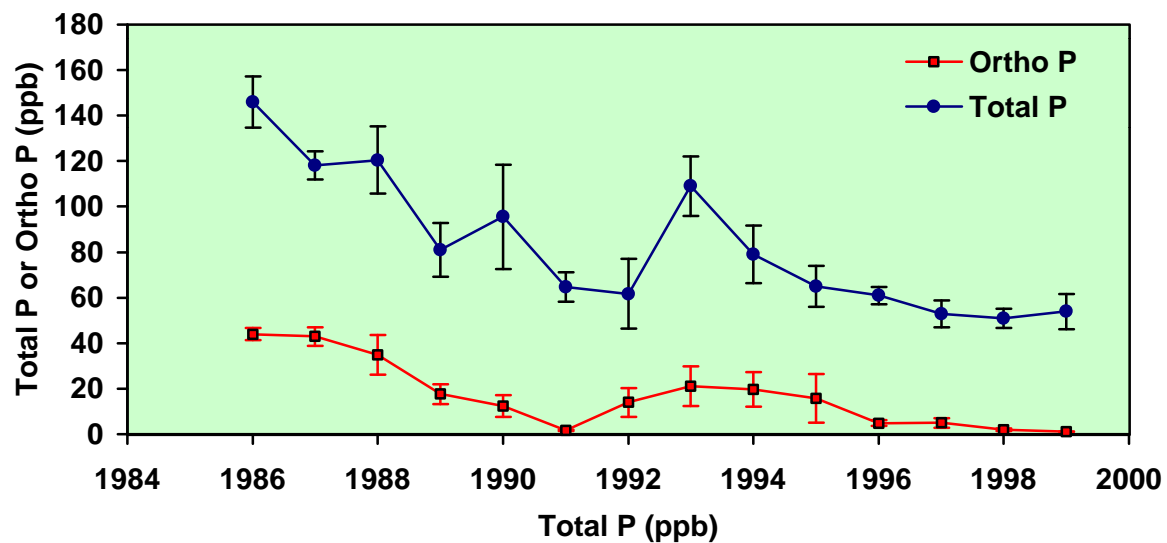
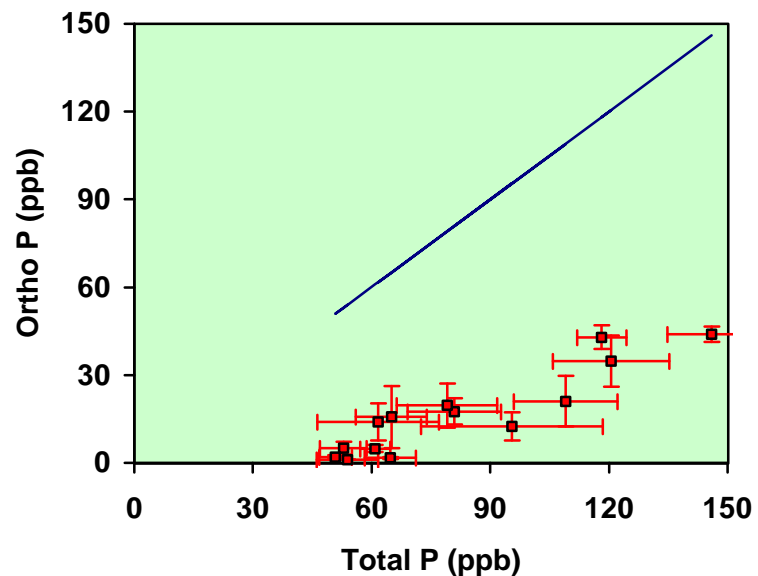
### Total Nitrogen



### Chloride



### Ortho P vs. Total P Concentrations

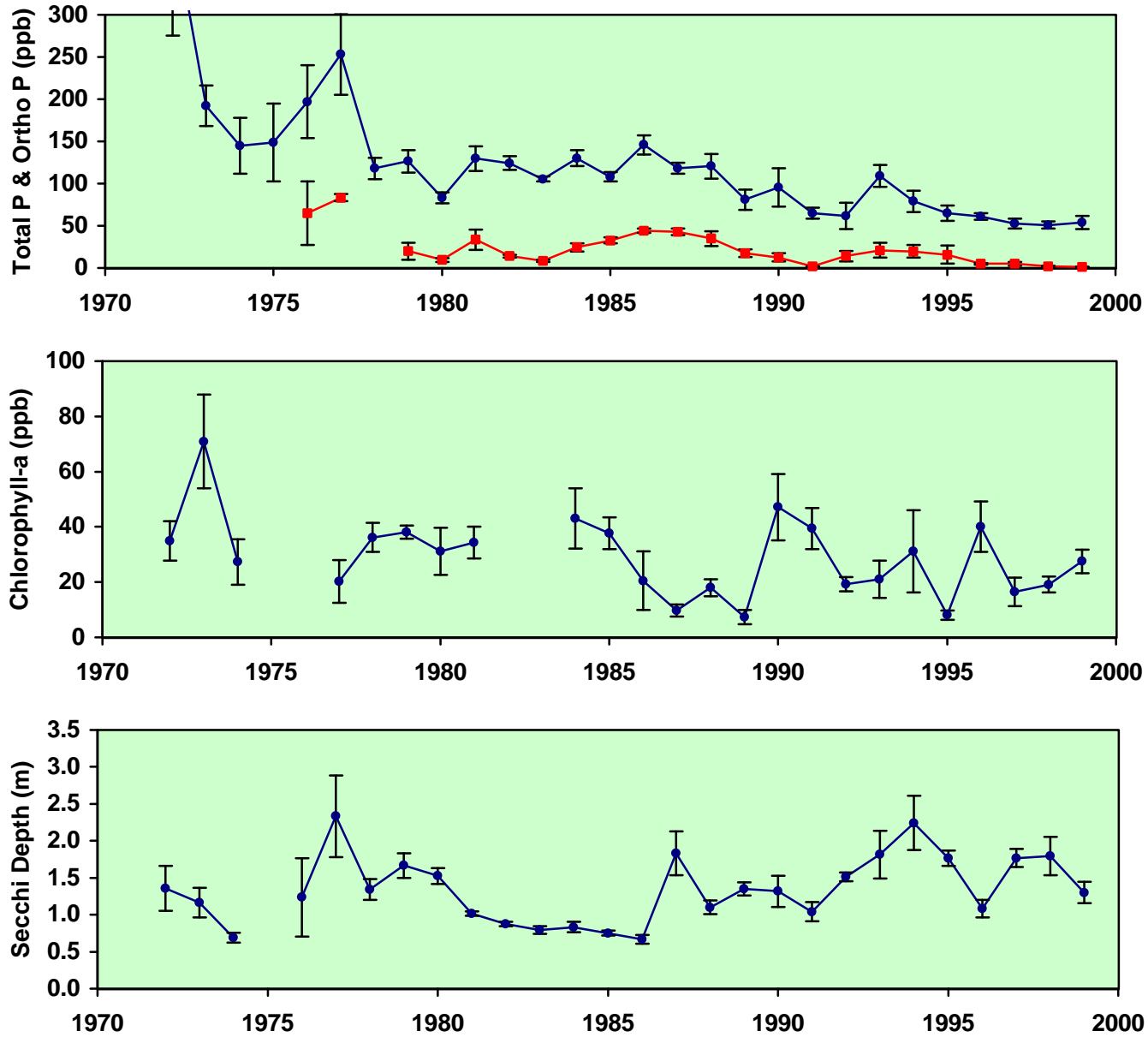


July-September Means, 0-3 meters, Lake South Station

Error bars show mean +/- 1 standard error

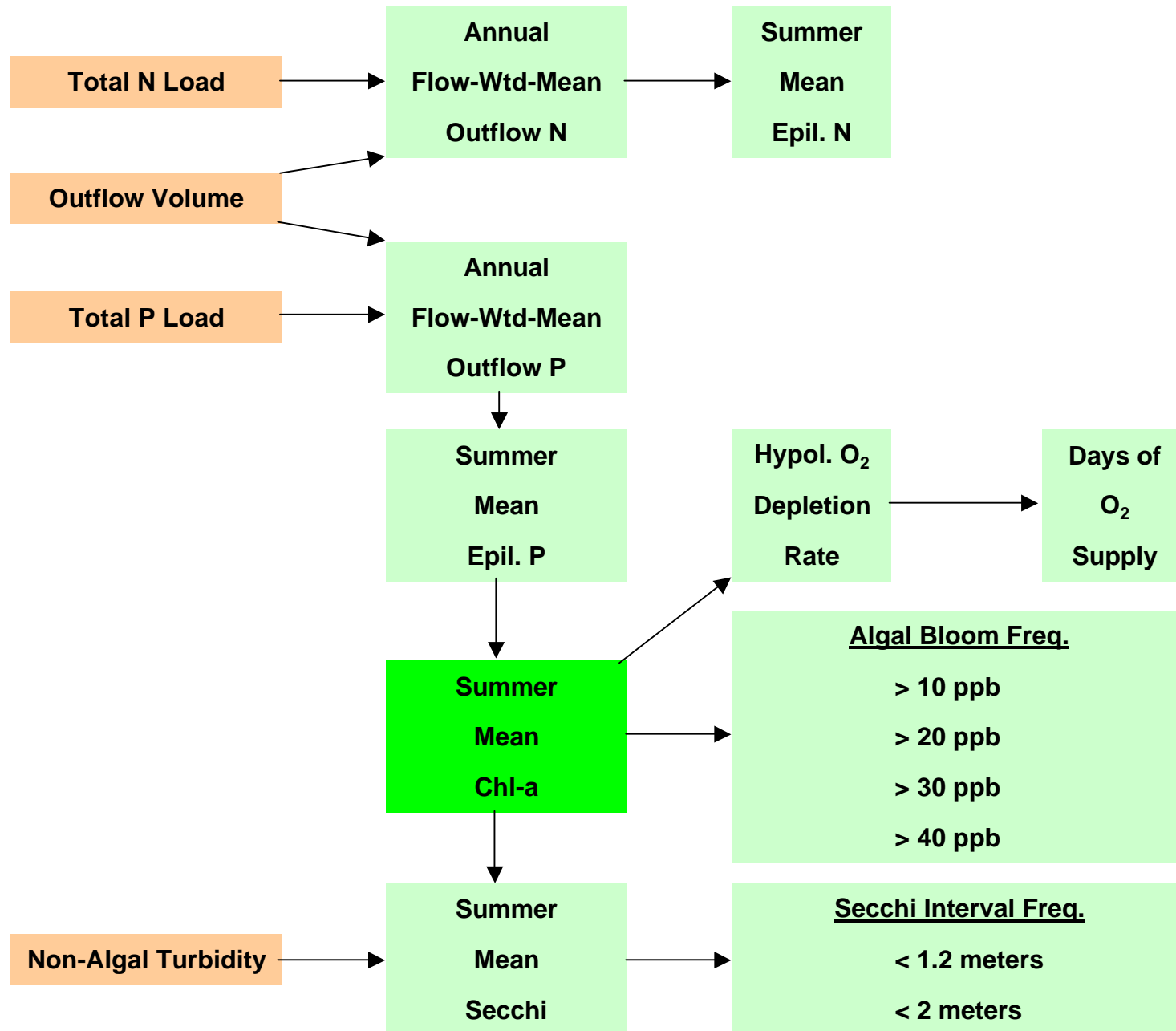
P Limited ? ----->

## Long-Term Variations in Lake Trophic State Indicators



July-September Means, 0-3 meters, Lake South

# Eutrophication Model Network for Onondaga Lake



## **Empirical Eutrophication Models**

**Trophic responses assumed to be consistent with data from other P-limited lakes**

### **Primary Uses:**

**Interpreting lake monitoring data**

**Projecting responses to variations in external P load**

**Trophic State**

**Nuisance Algal Blooms**

**WQ criteria & standards (TP, Secchi, DO)**

**Contrast with mechanistic model(s)**

### **Strengths:**

**Simple / Robust**

**Easy to calibrate, apply, understand**

**Uncertainty quantifiable**

### **Limitations:**

**Limited scope & resolution**

**Limited range of management questions**

**N & P cycles uncoupled**

**Insensitive to forms & timing of P input**

**Under-estimates sensitivity to reductions in Metro P Load ?**

## Onondaga Lake Empirical Eutrophication Model

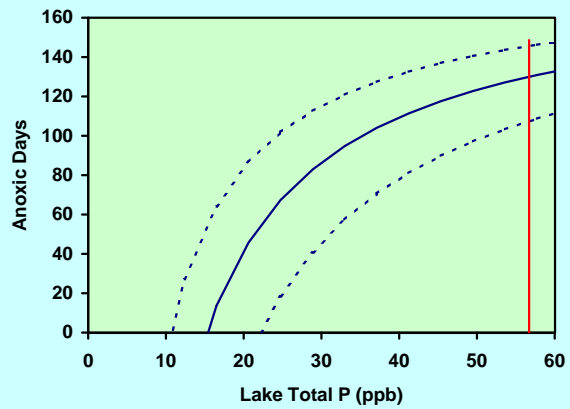
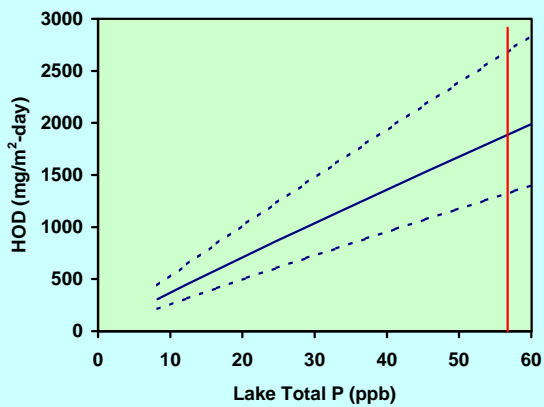
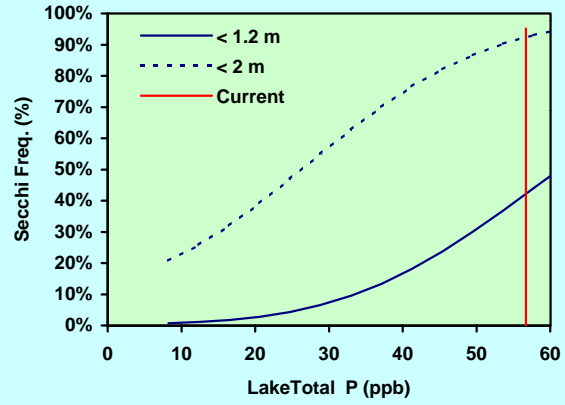
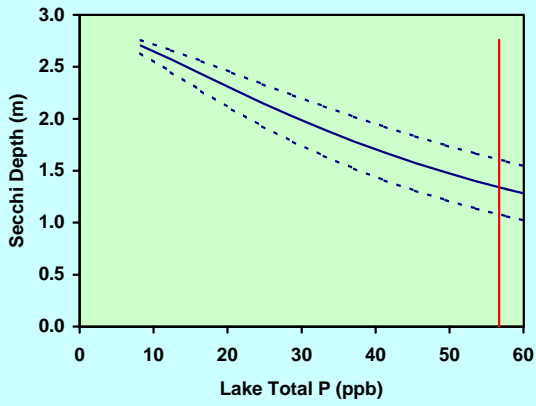
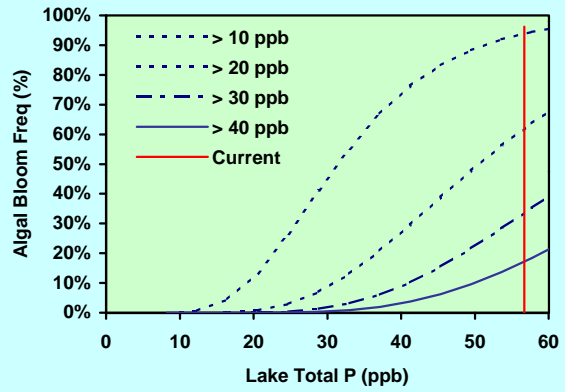
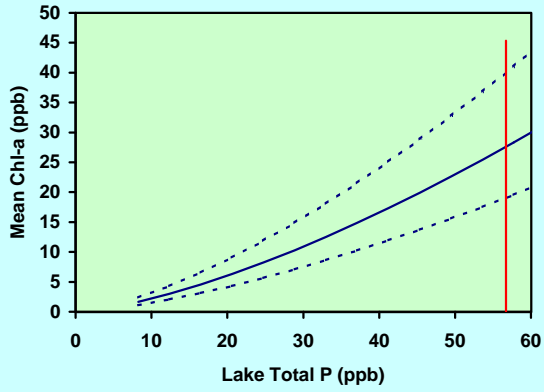
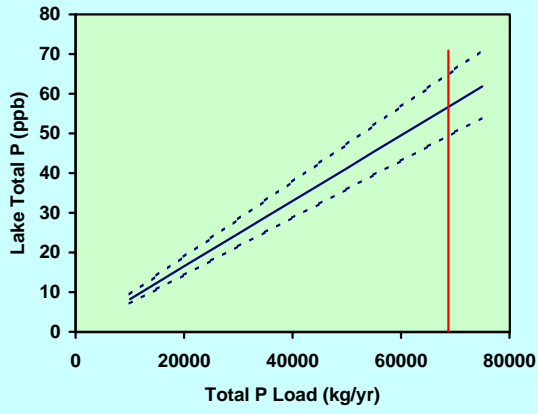
<u>Model Parameters</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Input Value</u>			
Lake Area	km <sup>2</sup>	11.7			
P Settling Rate	m/yr	22.873			
Epil P / Outflow P	-	0.550			
Outflow P Error CV	-	0.112			
Lake P Error CV	-	0.089			
Chla/P Slope	-	1.460			
Chla/P Intercept	-	0.076			
Chl-a Error CV	-	0.241			
Chla Temporal CV	-	0.600			
Non-Algal Turbidity	1/m	0.381			
Secchi/Chla Slope	m <sup>2</sup> /mg	0.016			
Secchi Error CV	-	0.193			
Secchi Temporal CV	-	0.320			
HOD Intercept	-	42.400			
HOD Slope		0.940			
HOD Error CV		0.230			
Spring DO Conc	ppm	12.000			
Hypol. Depth	m	8.340			
Stratified Period	days	183.000			
<b><u>Scenario</u></b>					
Outflow Volume	hm <sup>3</sup> /yr	399	1995-1999 Average		
Inflow Load	kg/yr	68752	1995-1999 Average		
<b><u>Predicted Reponses</u></b>					
	<u>Units</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Low (10%)</u>	<u>High (90%)</u>	
Outflow P Conc	ppb	103	87	123	
Lake P Conc	ppb	57	49	65	
Mean Chlorophyll-a	ppb	28	19	40	
Algal Bloom Frequencies					
	> 10	0.94	0.81	0.99	
	> 20	0.62	0.36	0.83	
	> 30	0.33	0.14	0.59	
	> 40	0.17	0.05	0.39	
Mean Secchi Depth	m	1.34	1.61	1.08	
Secchi Interval Frequencies					
	< 1.2	0.42	0.22	0.69	
	< 2	0.92	0.80	0.98	
Oxygen Depletion Rate	mg/m <sup>2</sup> -day	1887	1326	2686	
Days of O2 Supply	days	53	75	37	
Anoxic Period	days	130	108	146	

## Predicted Lake Responses to Reductions in Phosphorus Load

Average Outflow = 399 hm<sup>3</sup>/yr

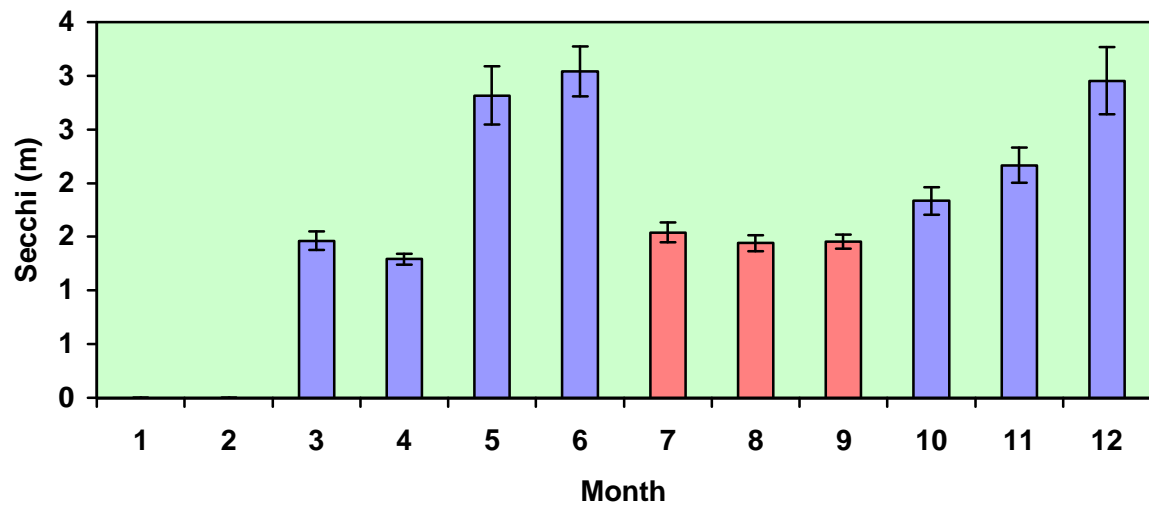
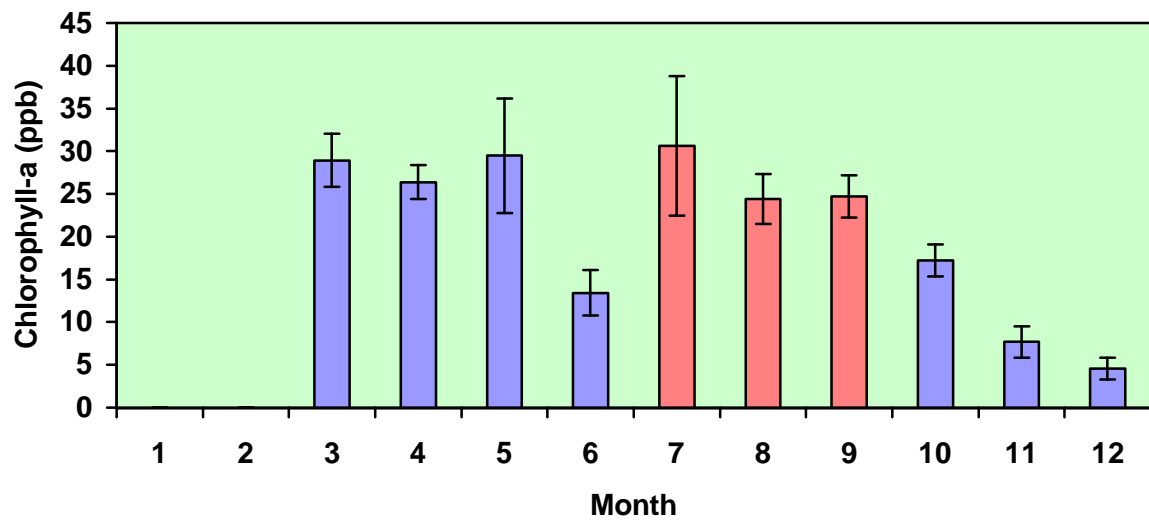
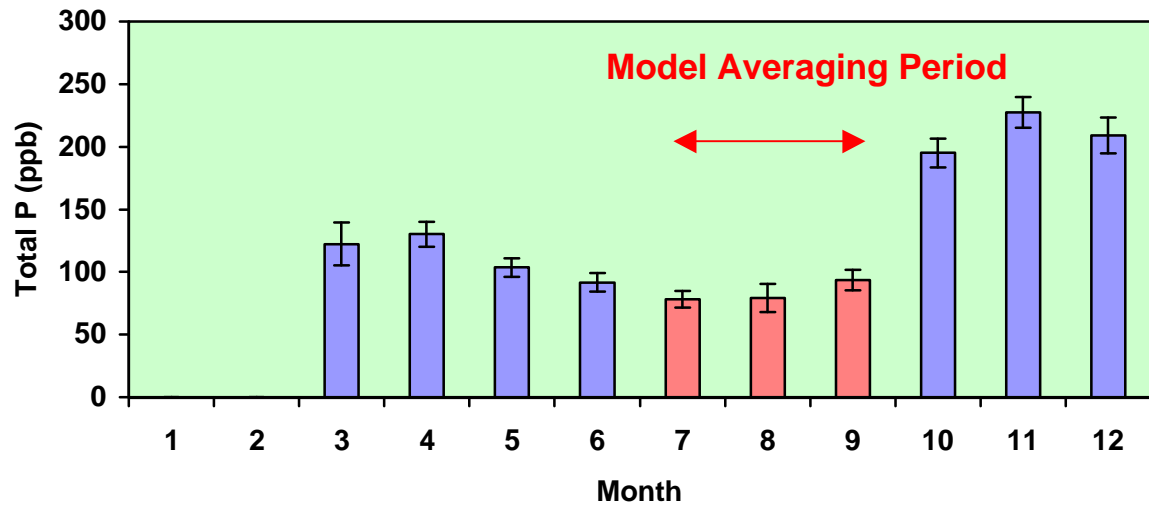
Total P Load = 68752 kg/yr

Dashed lines show 80% prediction intervals



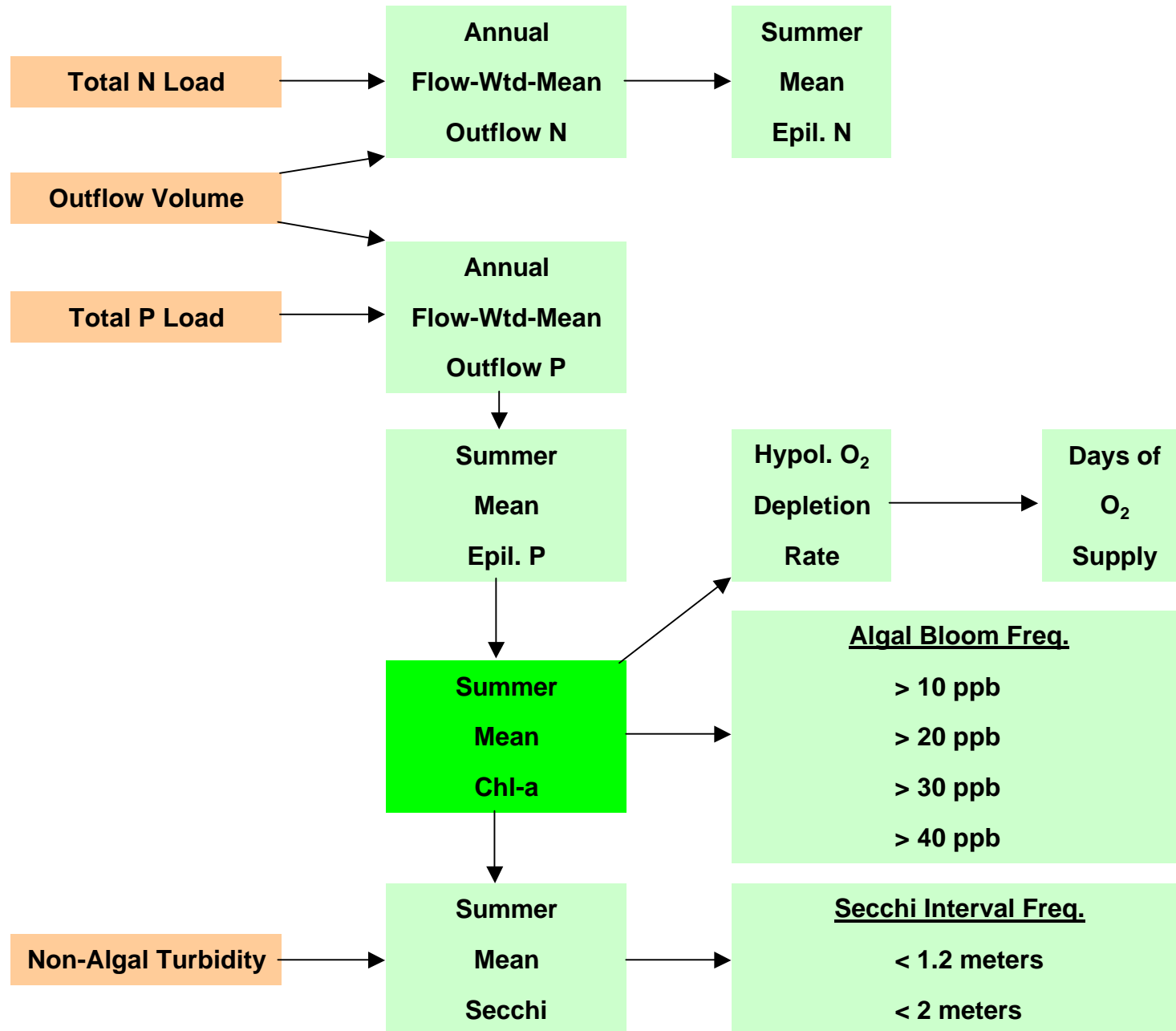


## Season Variations in Trophic State Indicators



Means +/- 1 Standard Error, 1986-1999, 0-3 meters, Lake South

# Eutrophication Model Network for Onondaga Lake



# Onondaga Lake Empirical Model Network

## Predicted Trophic Response Variables:

$P_o$ =	Water Year Flow-Wtd-Mean Outflow Total P (ppb)
$P$ =	July-Sept Surface ( 0-3 m ) Mean Total P (ppb)
$N_o$ =	Water Year Flow-Wtd-Mean Outflow Total N (ppb)
$N$ =	July-Sept Surface ( 0-3 m ) Mean Total N (ppb)
$B$ =	June-Sept Epilimnetic Mean Chlorophyll-a (ppb)
$S$ =	June-Sept Mean Secchi Depth (m)
$HOD$ =	Hypolimnetic Oxygen Depletion Rate ( $mg/m^2$ -day)

## Lake Outflow Total P:

Reference: Vollenweider (1969) , Chapra (1975), Sas (1989)

$$P_o = W_p / ( Q_o + U_p A )$$

$W_p$  = Inflow P Load (kg/yr)

$Q_o$  = Outflow = External Inflow + Precip - ET ( $hm^3/yr$ )

$A$  = Lake Surface Area = 11.7  $km^2$

$U_p$  = P Settling Rate = 22.9 m/yr

Calibrated to 1995-1999

Period	95-99	86-99
Residual CV	0.11	0.28
$R^2$	0.73	0.25

## Lake South Epilimnetic Total P:

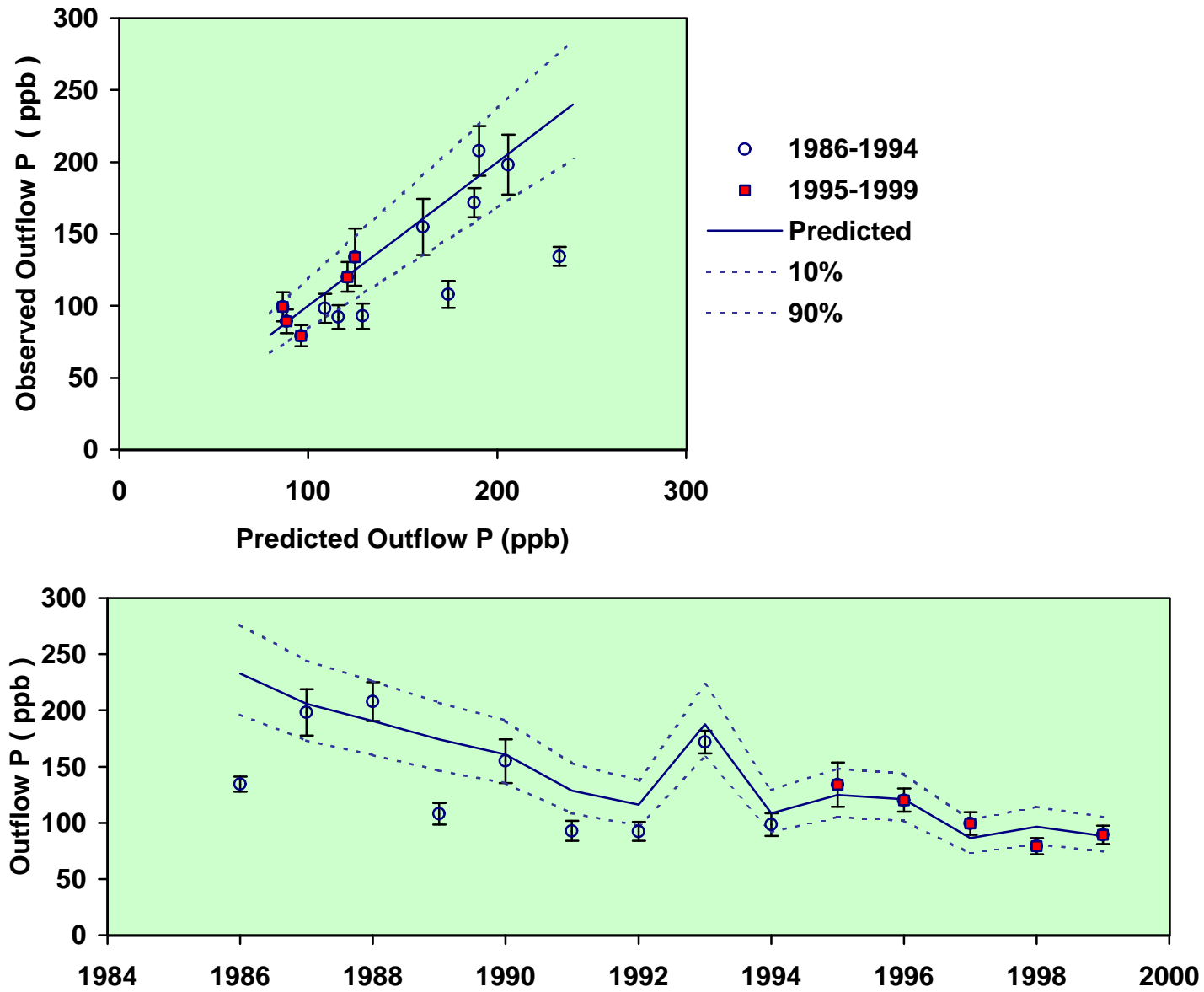
Reference: Walker (1978), Sas (1989)

$$P = F_p P_o$$

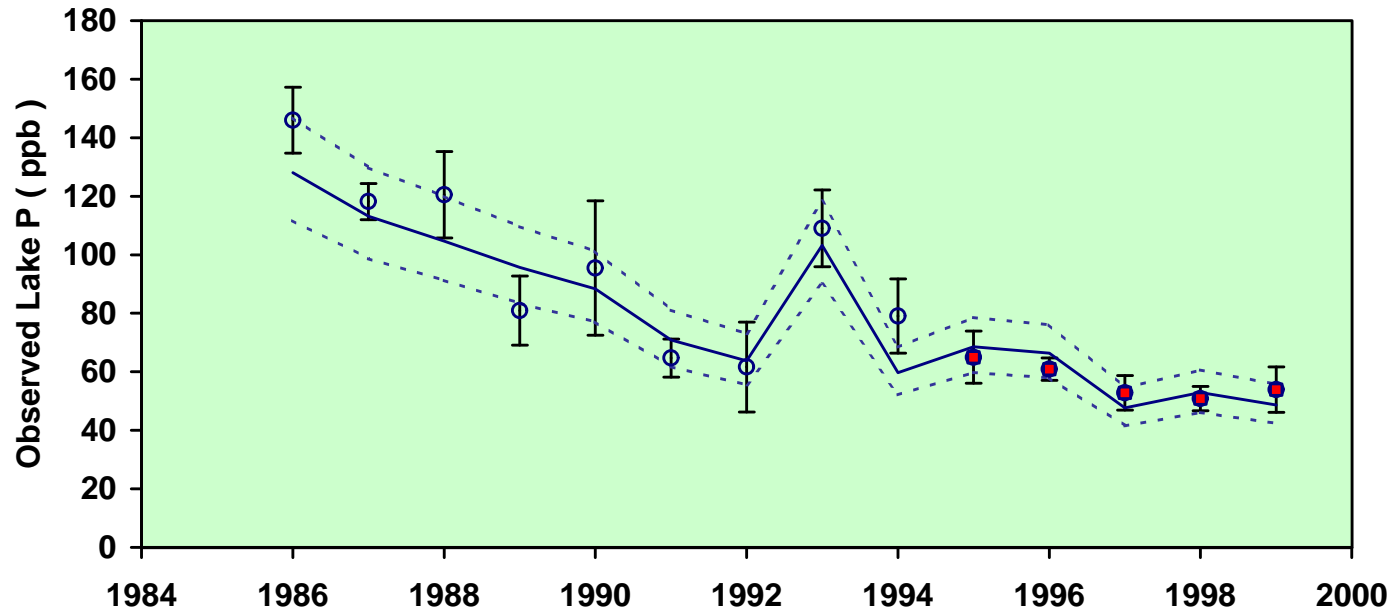
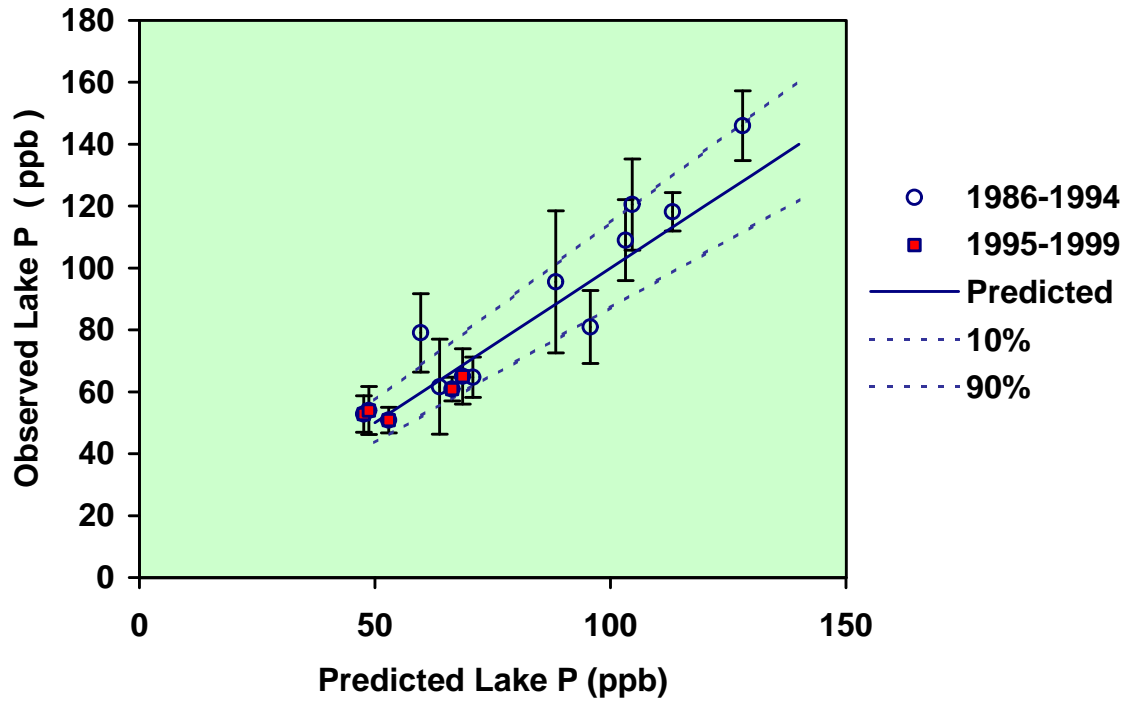
$F_p$  = 0.55 Calibrated to 1995-1999

Period	95-99	86-99
Residual CV	0.09	0.13
$R^2$	0.29	0.88

# Observed & Predicted Annual Outflow P Concentrations



# Observed & Predicted Summer Epilimnetic P Concentrations



# Onondaga Lake Empirical Model Network

## Lake Outflow Total N:

$$N_O = W_N / ( Q_O + U_N A )$$

$$W_N = \text{Inflow N Load (kg/yr)}$$

$$U_N = \text{N Settling Rate} = 24.0 \text{ m/yr}$$

Calibrated to 1995-1999

Period	95-99	86-99
Residual CV	0.07	0.08
R <sup>2</sup>	0.61	0.75

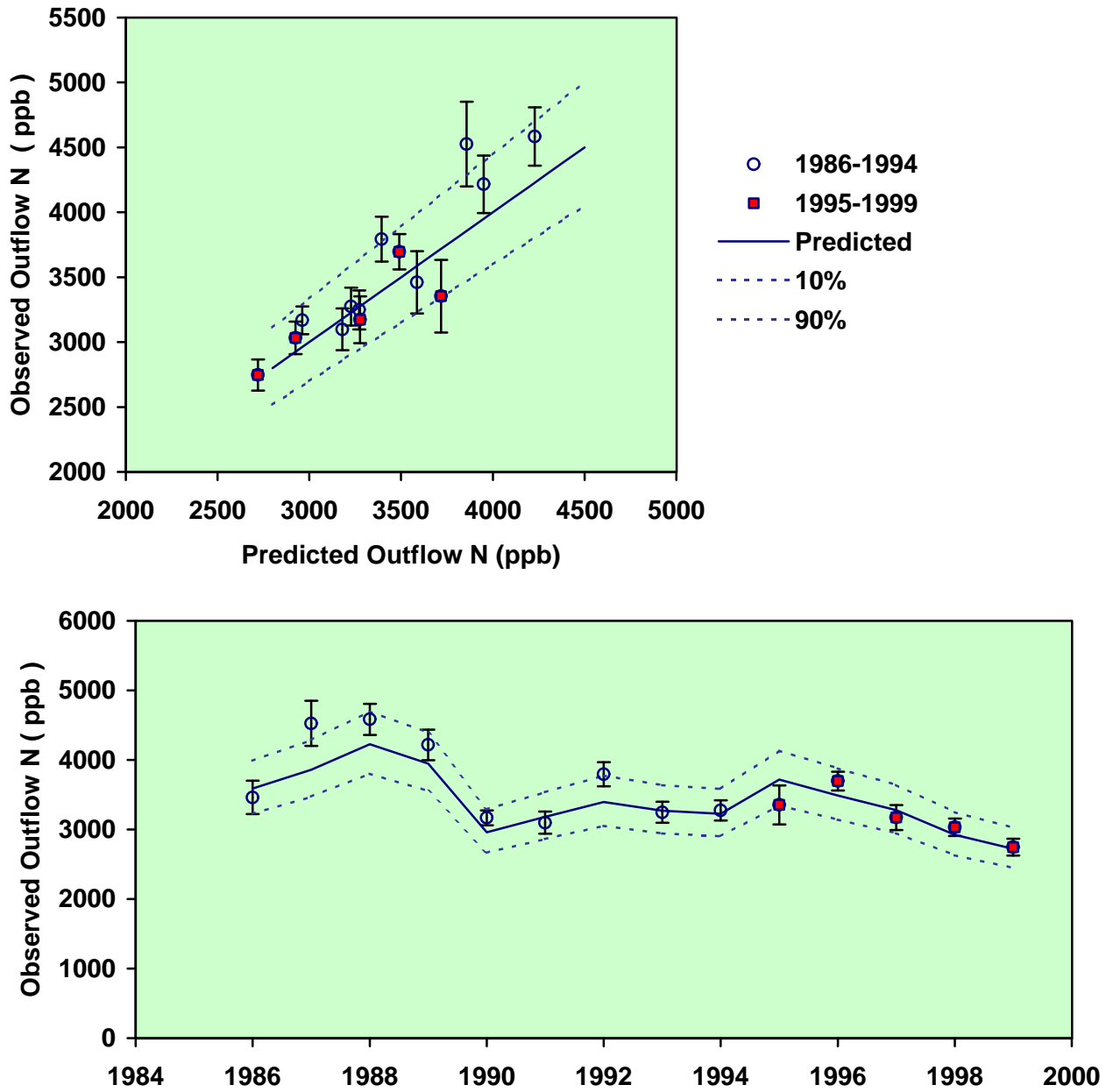
## Lake South Epilimnetic Total N:

$$N = F_N N_o$$

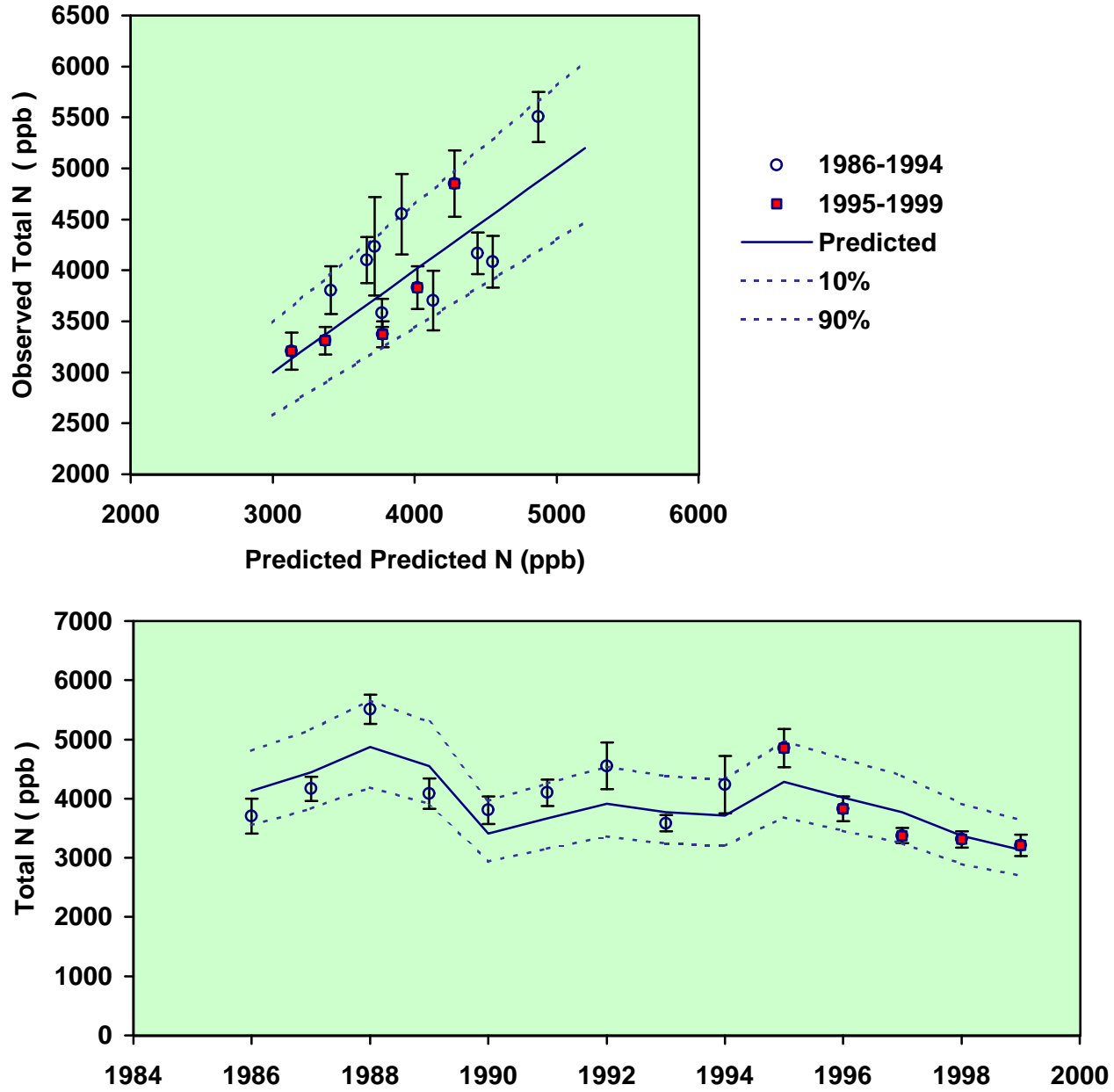
$$F_N = 1.15 \quad \text{Calibrated to 1995-1999}$$

Period	95-99	86-99
Residual CV	0.10	0.11
R <sup>2</sup>	0.71	0.53

# Observed & Predicted Annual Outflow N Concentrations

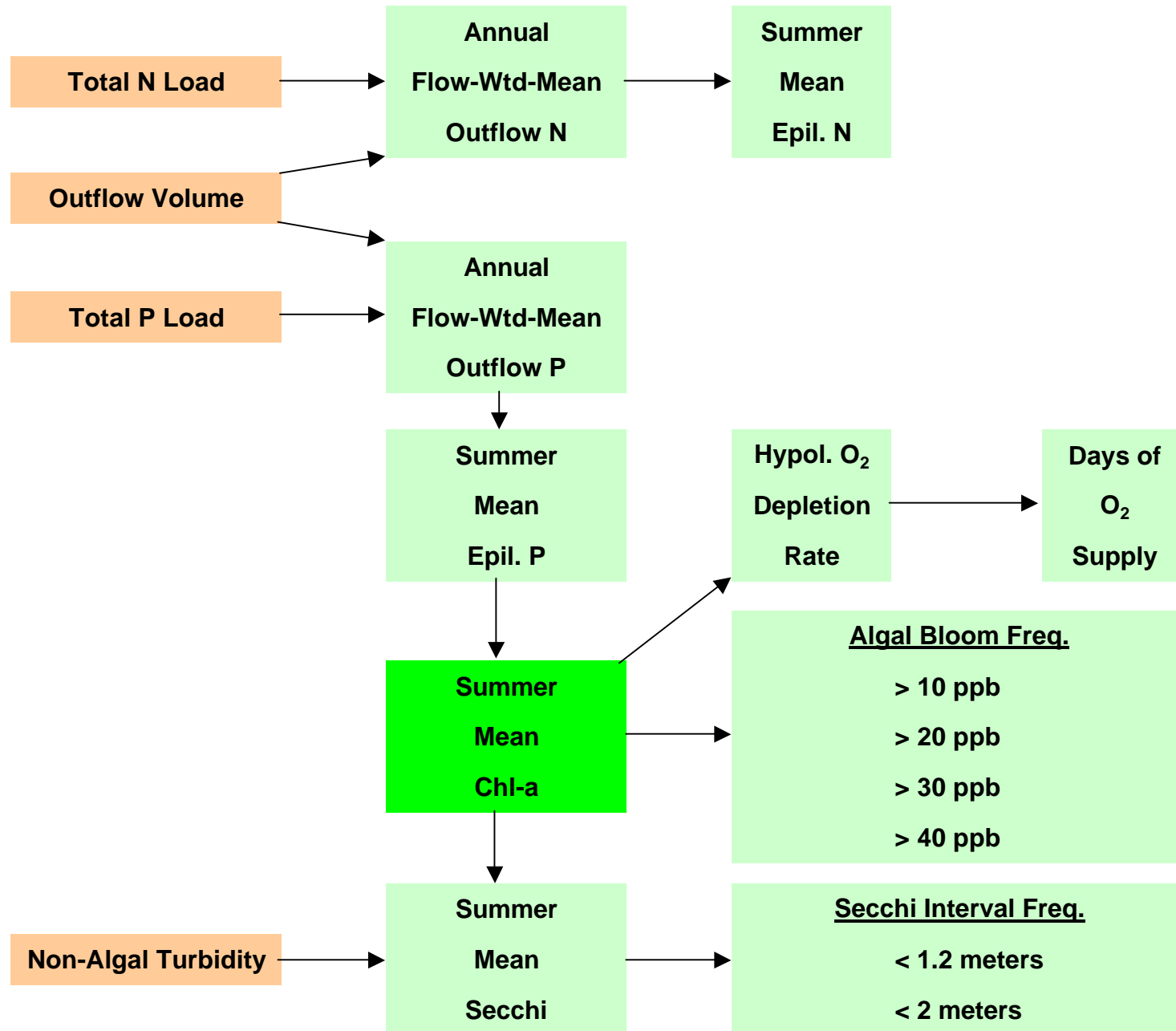


### Observed & Predicted Summer Total N Concentrations





# Eutrophication Model Network for Onondaga Lake



# Onondaga Lake Empirical Model Network

## Lake South Chlorophyll-a:

Reference: Jones & Bachman (1976)

$$B = k P^{1.46}$$

k = 0.076 calibrated to 1996-1999 Data

DataSet J& B 96-99

Residual CV - 0.24

R<sup>2</sup> 0.90 0.66

## Algal Bloom Frequencies:

Reference: Walker (1984)

$$F_X = 1 - \text{Normal} [ (\ln(X) - \ln(B) - 0.5 S_B^2) / S_B ]$$

$$S_B = [ \ln ( 1 + C_B^2 ) ]^{1/2}$$

X = Bloom Criterion (10, 20, 30 or 40 ppb)

F\_X = Frequency of Chl-a > X

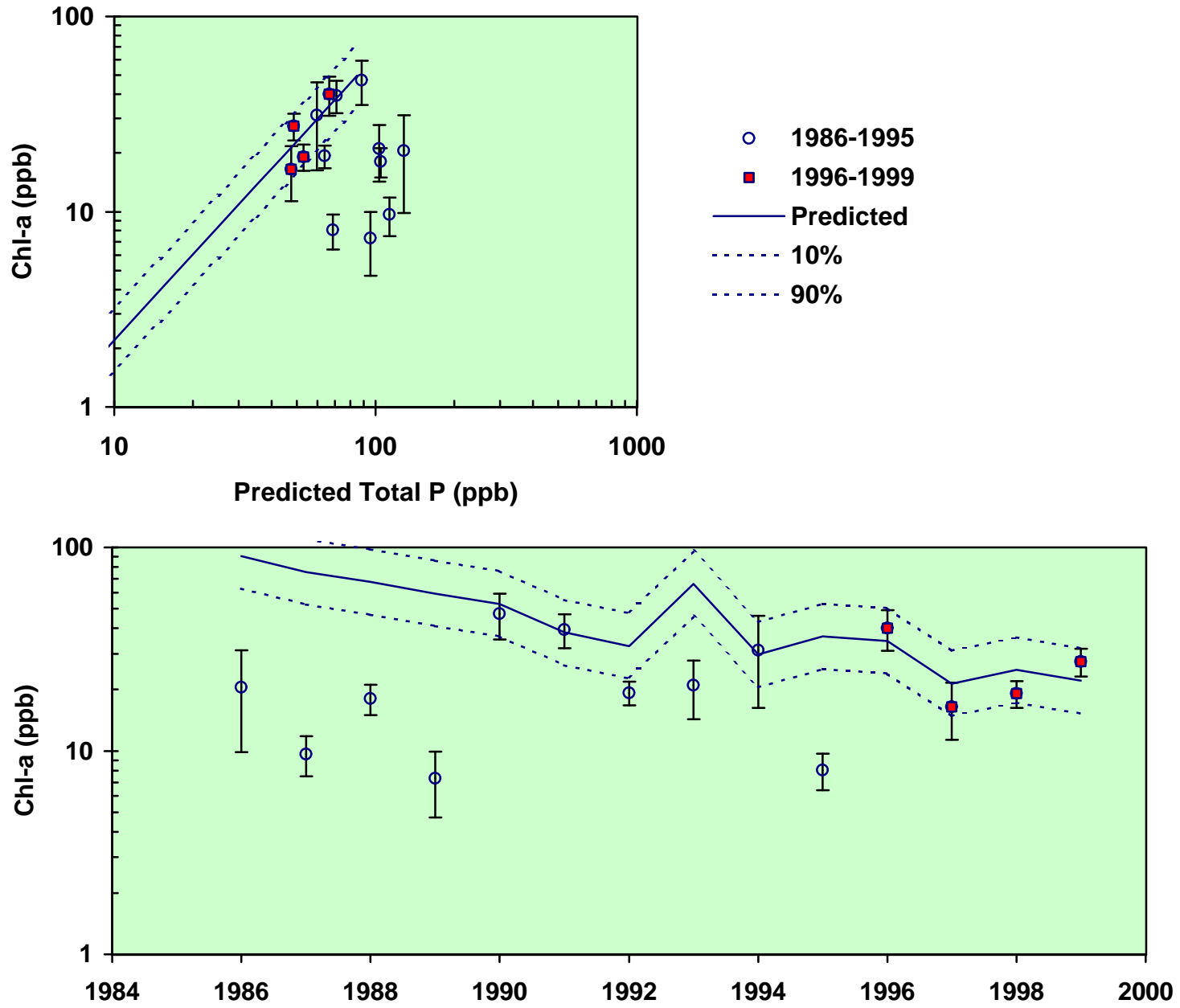
Normal Cumulative Normal Frequency Distribution

S\_B = Standard Deviation of ln (Chl-a)

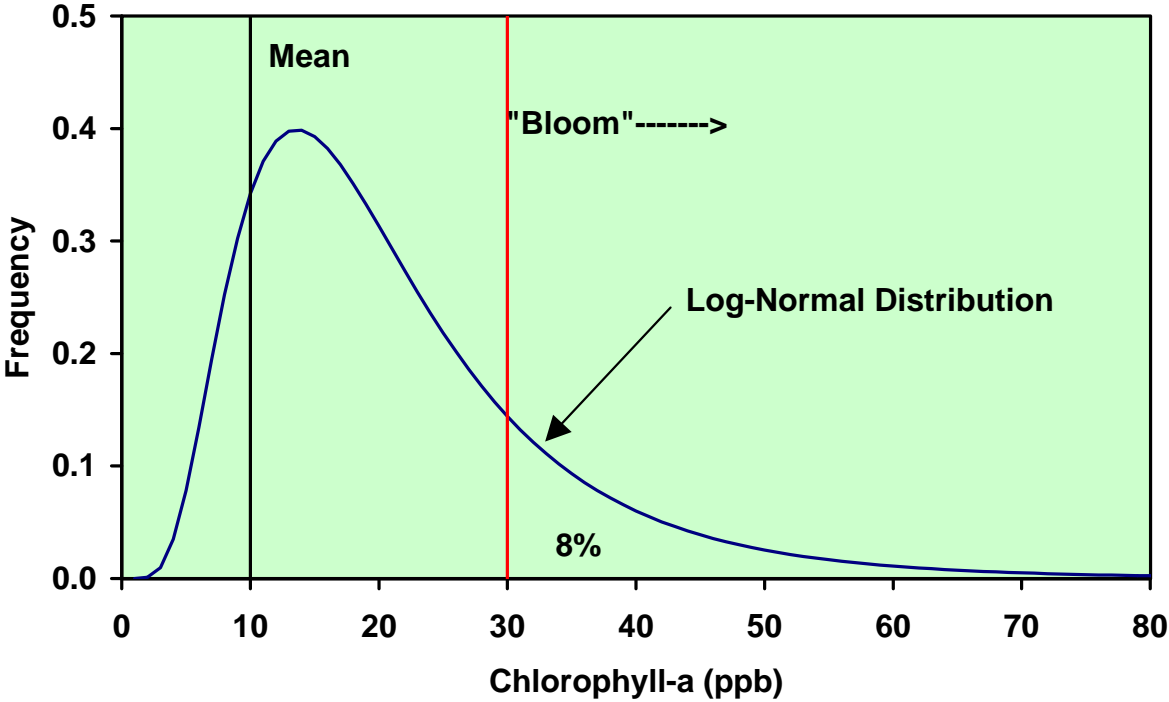
C\_B = Within-Year Temporal CV = 0.600

Calibrated to 1986-1999 Data

# Observed & Predicted Mean Chlorophyll-a

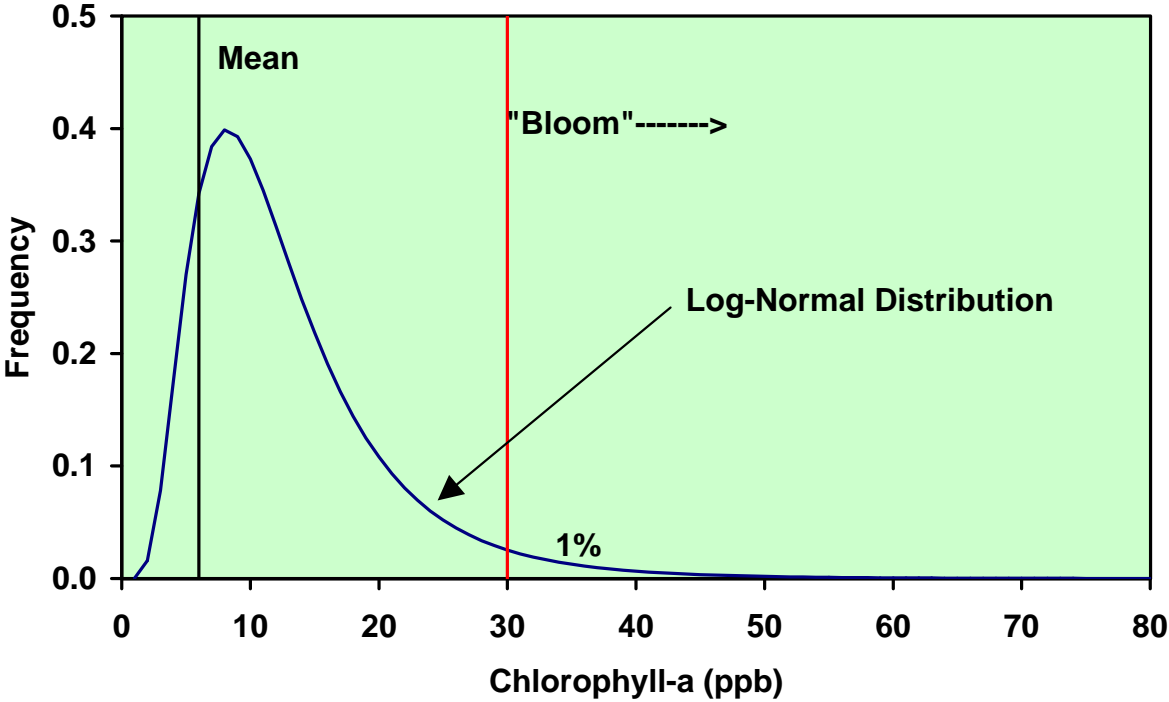


# Bloom Frequency Model



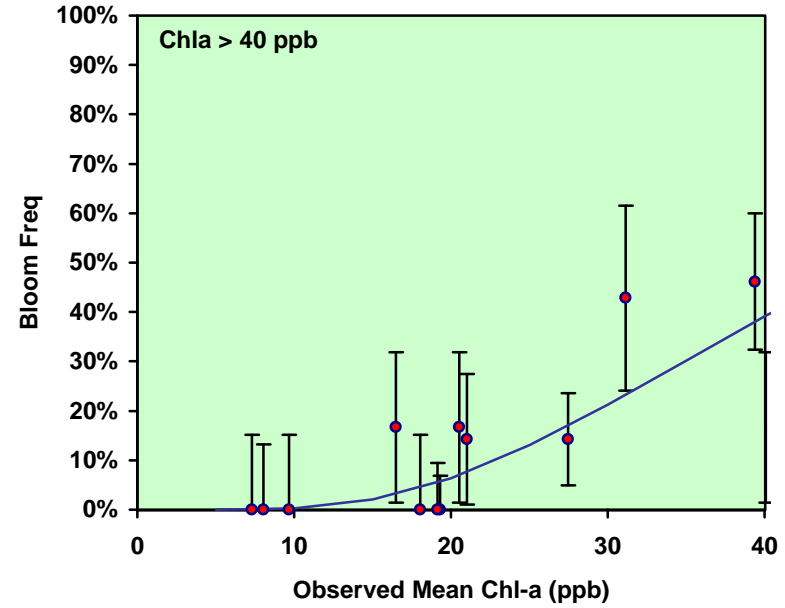
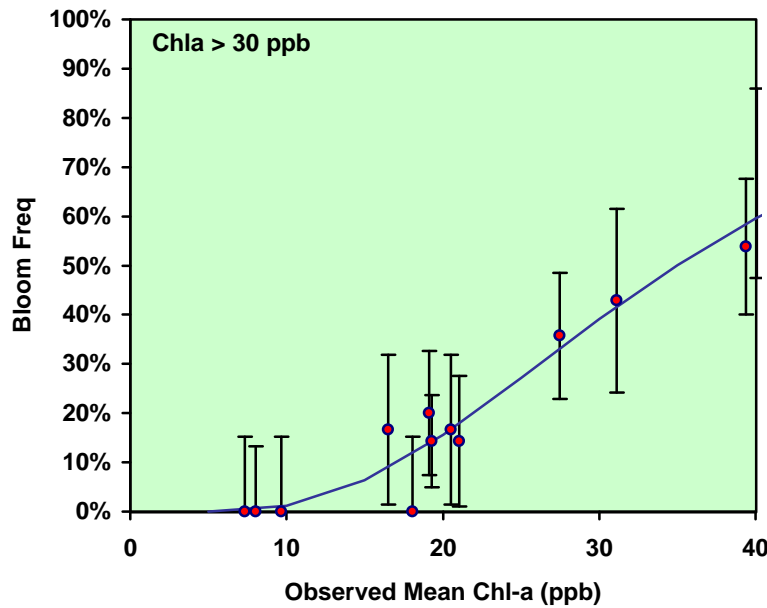
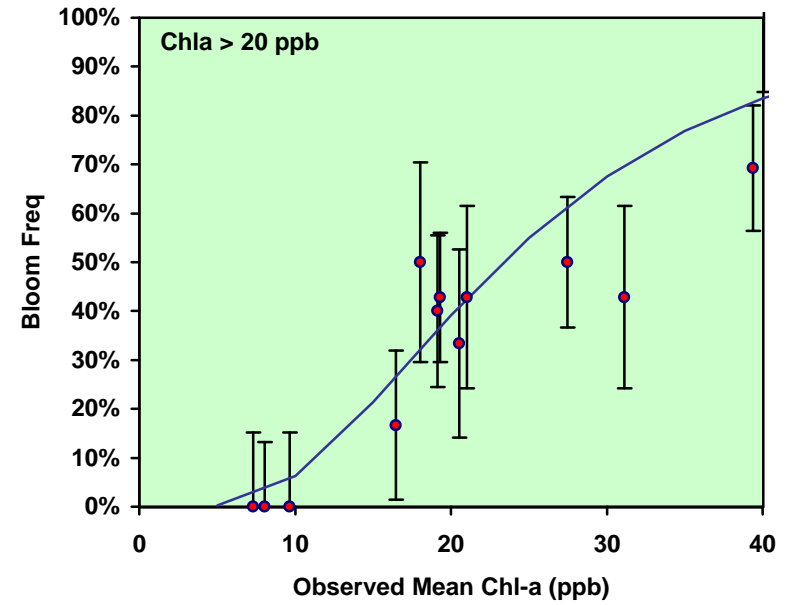
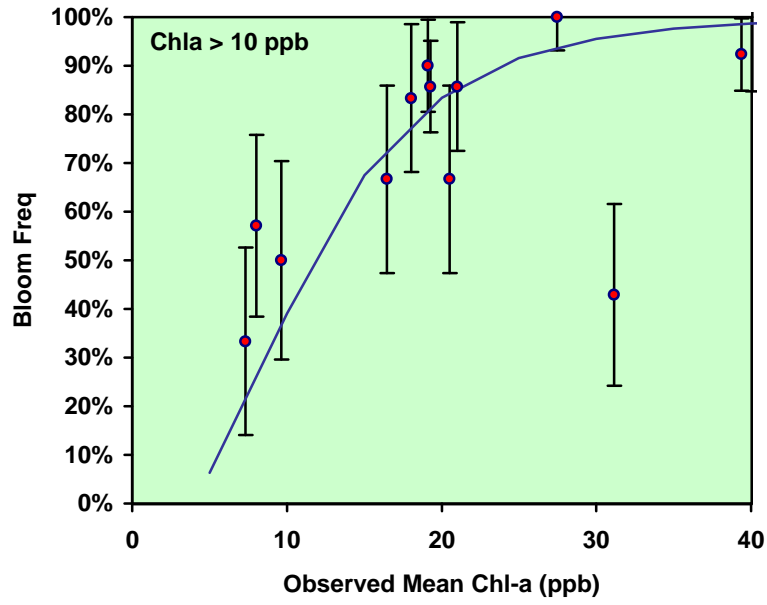
Mean =	10	ppb	Bloom Criterion =	30	ppb
CV =	0.6		Bloom Freq =	7.7%	

# Bloom Frequency Model

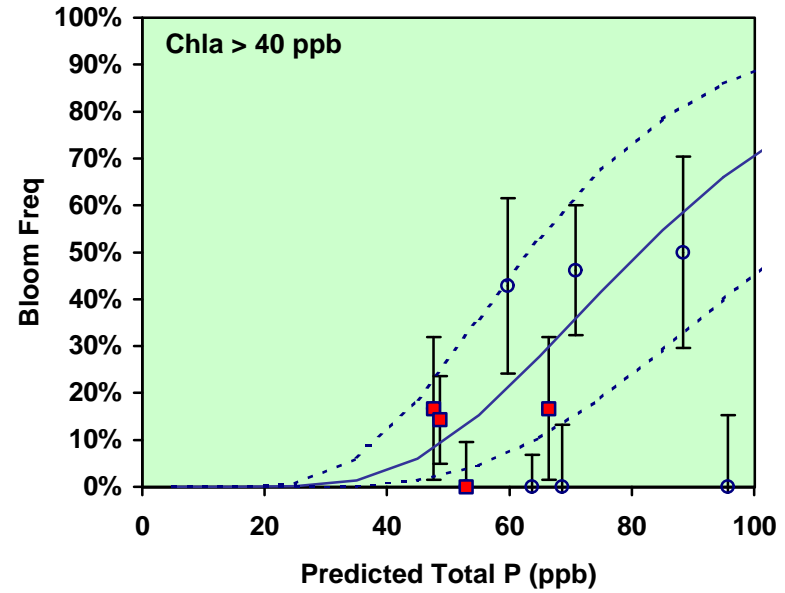
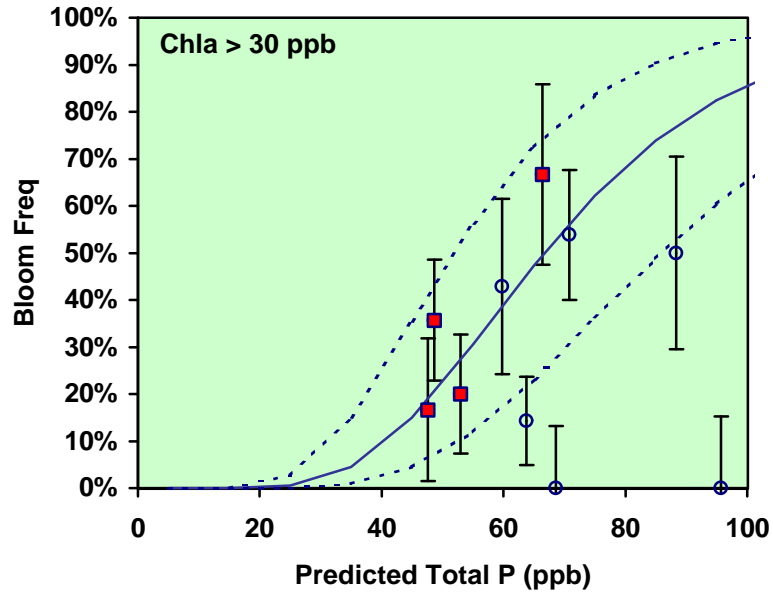
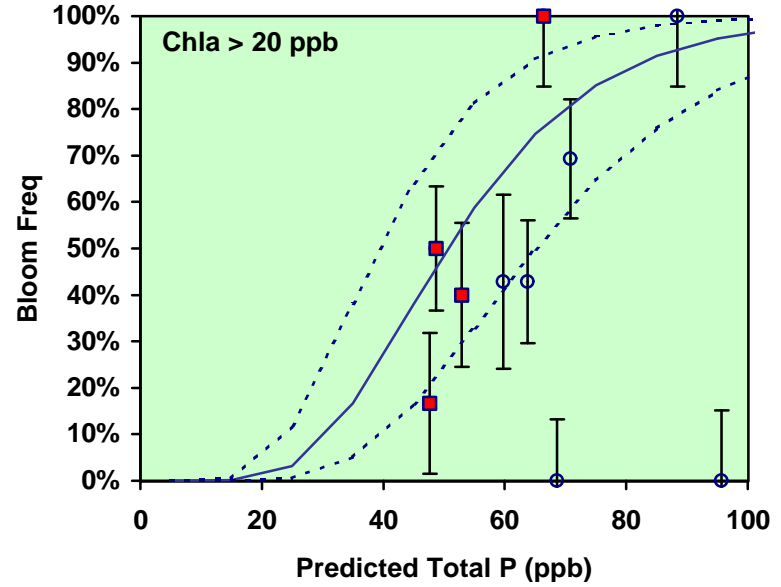
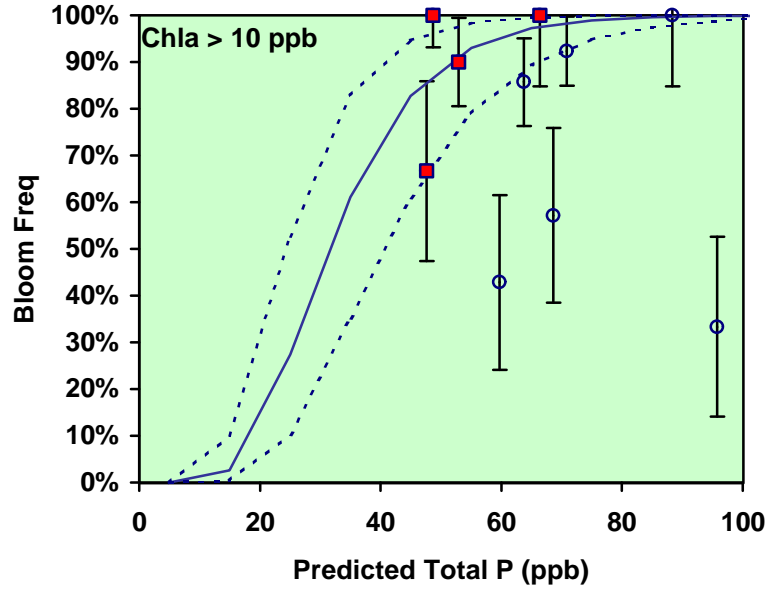


Mean = 6 ppb      Bloom Criterion = 30 ppb  
CV = 0.6            Bloom Freq = 0.9%

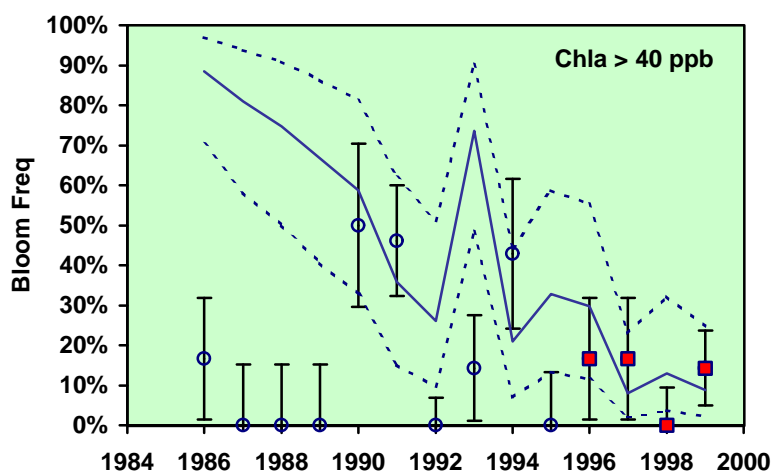
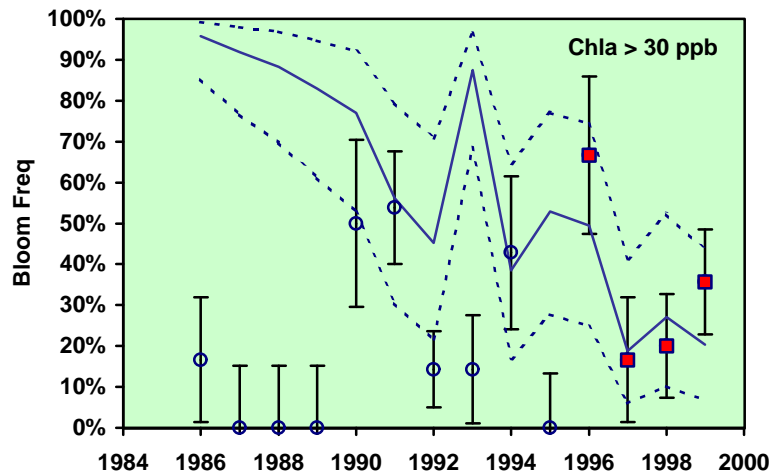
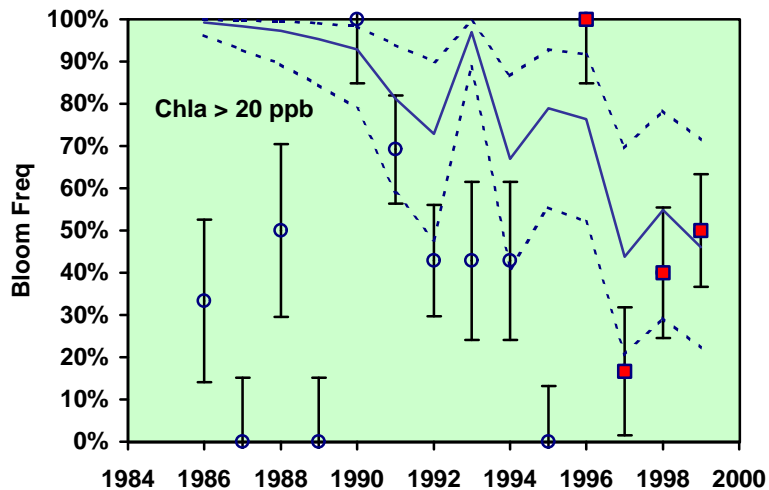
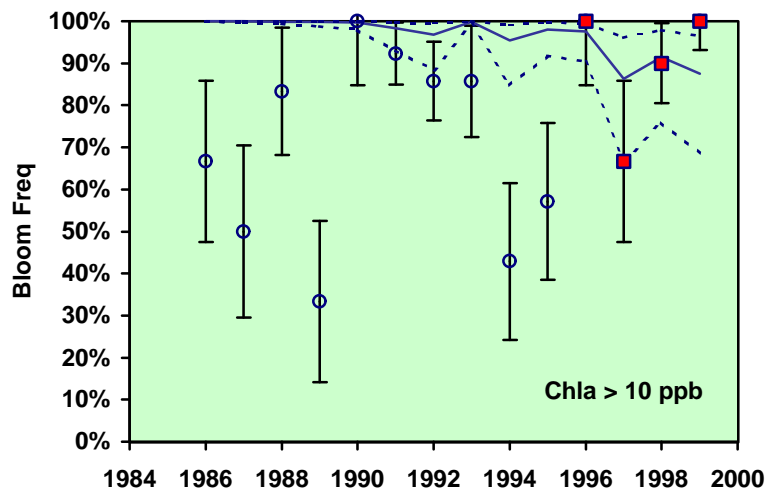
# Algal Bloom Frequencies vs. Observed Mean Chlorophyll-a



# Algal Bloom Frequencies vs. Predicted Total Phosphorus

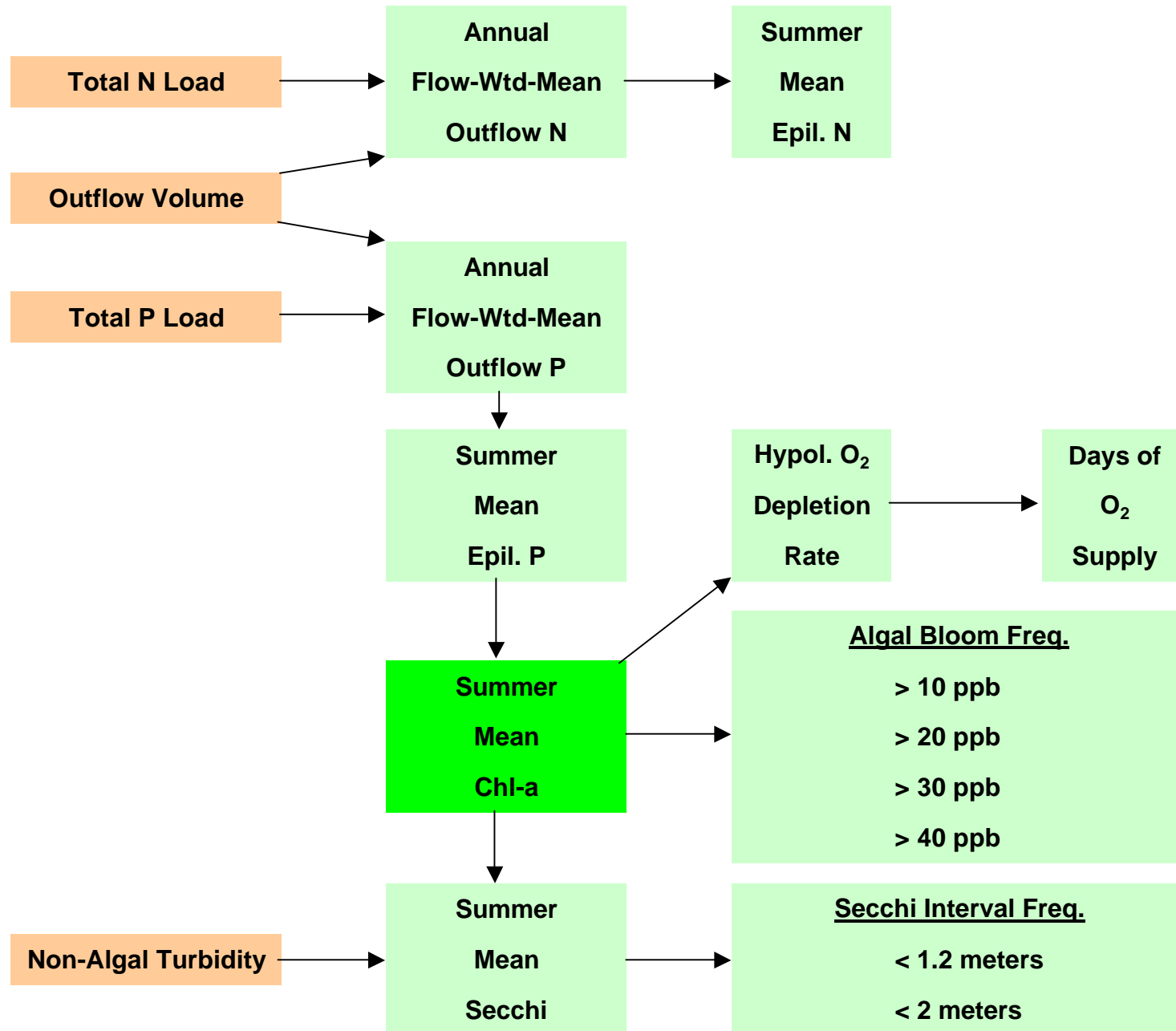


## Algal Bloom Frequencies vs. Year





# Eutrophication Model Network for Onondaga Lake



# Onondaga Lake Empirical Model Network

## Lake South Secchi Depth:

Reference: Walker (1985,1996)

$$S = \exp ( S_S^2 ) / ( a + b B )$$

Calibrated to Sample Dates, 1996-1999

$$a = 0.381 \quad 1/m$$

$$b = 0.016 \quad m^2/mg$$

From Predicted Chla

Period	96-99	86-99
Residual CV	0.19	0.40
R <sup>2</sup>	0.39	0.00

## Secchi Interval Frequencies:

Reference: Walker (1984)

$$F_Y = \text{Normal} [ ( \ln(Y) - \ln(S) - 0.5 S_S^2 ) / S_S ]$$

$$S_S = [ \ln ( 1 + C_S^2 ) ]^{1/2} = 0.31$$

$$C_S = 0.32 \quad \text{Calibrated to 1986-1999 Data}$$

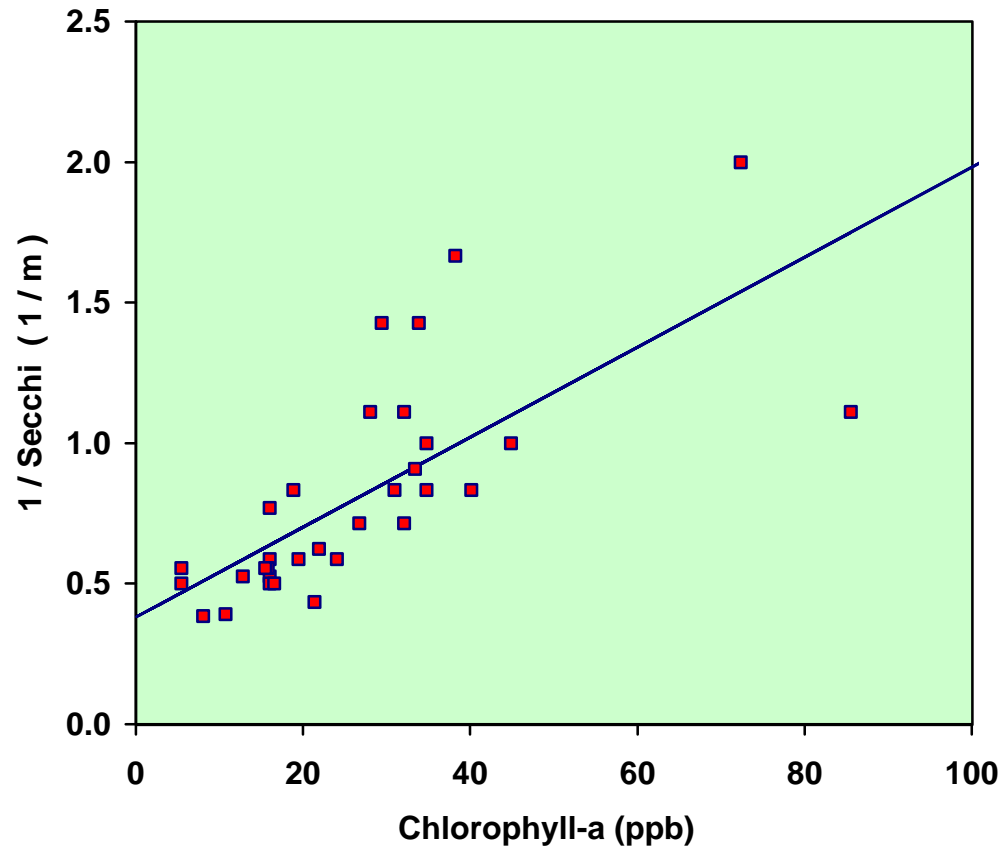
$$Y = \text{Secchi Criterion ( 1.2 or 2 m )}$$

$$F_Y = \text{Frequency of Secchi} < Y$$

$$S_S = \text{Standard Deviation of } \ln ( \text{Secchi} ) =$$

$$C_S = \text{Within-Year Temporal CV of Secchi Depth}$$

## Calibration of Secchi Depth Model

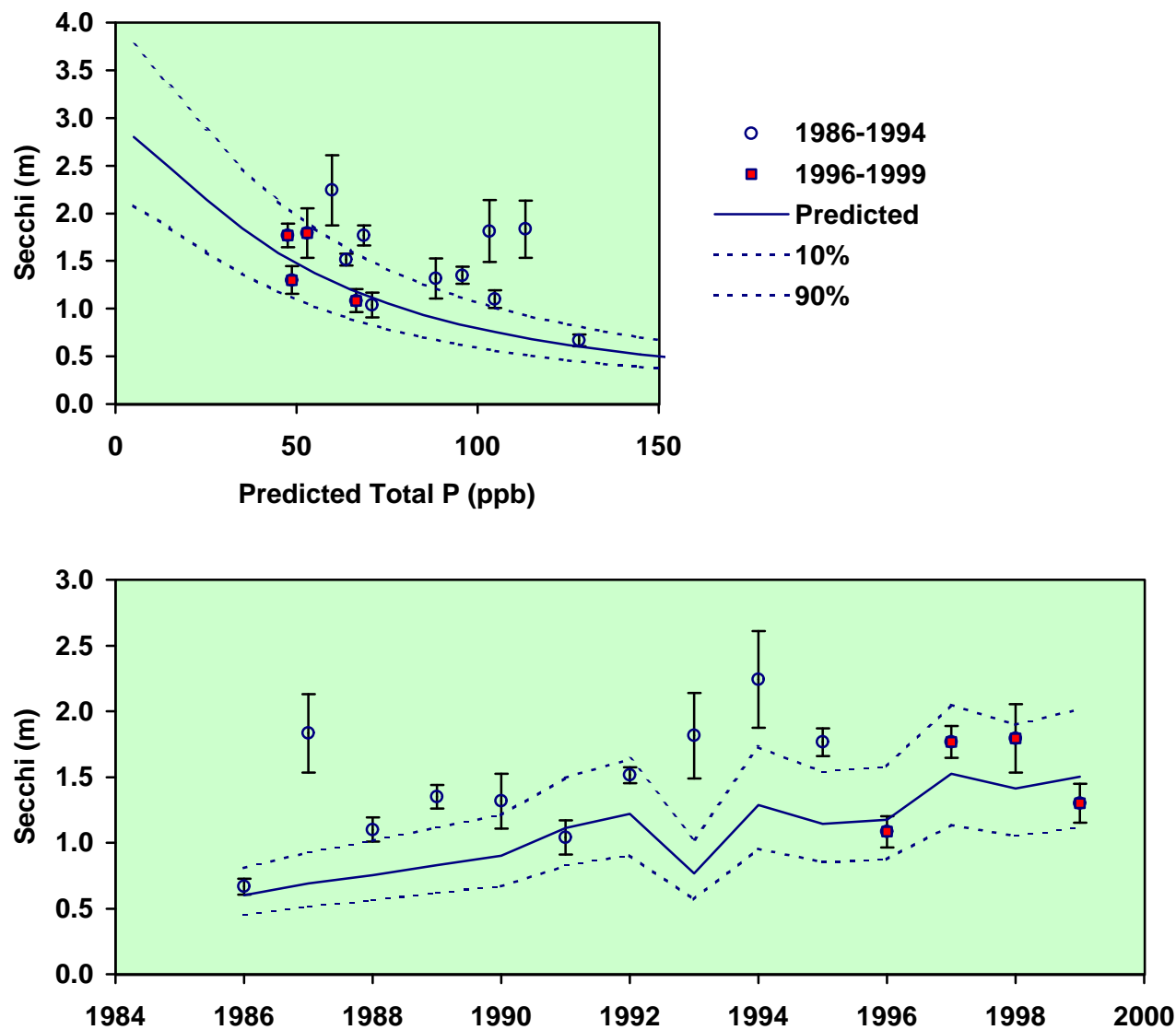


Lake South Epilimnion Samples, 0-3 m, July-September, 1996-1999

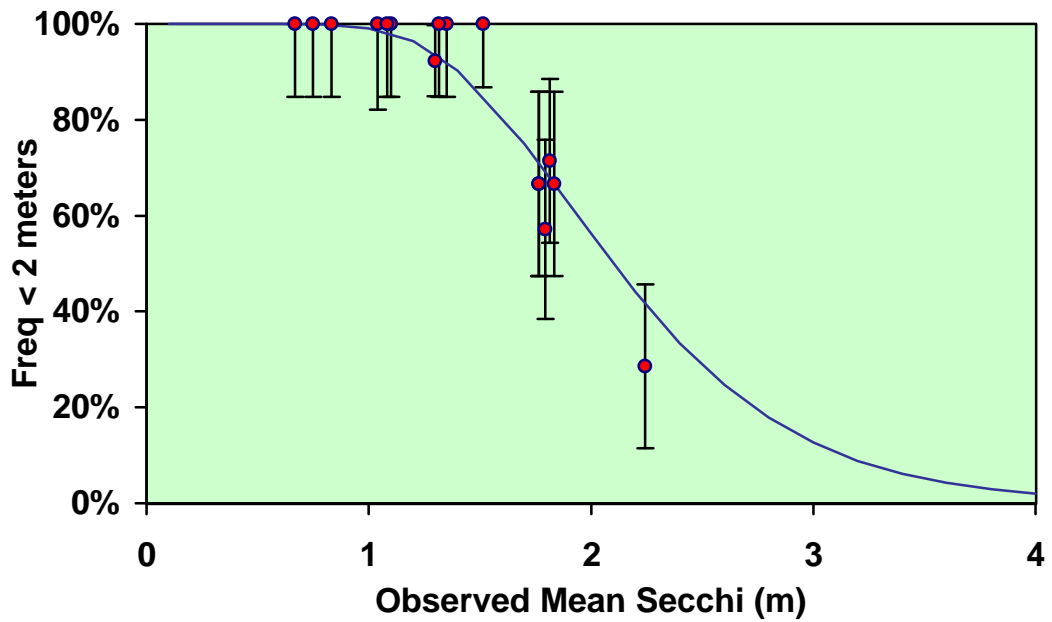
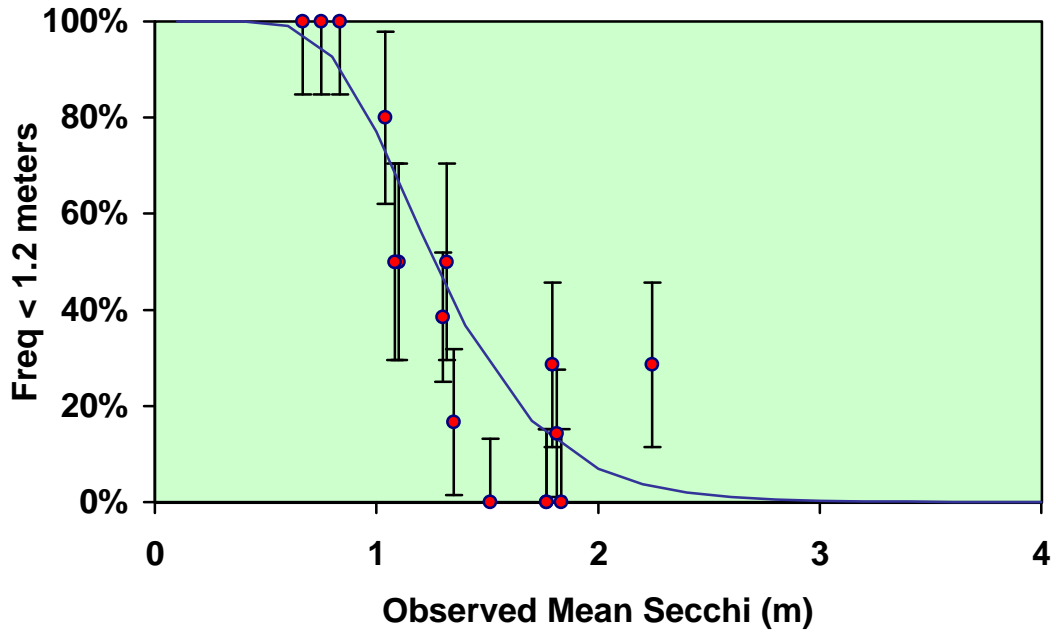
Regression:

$$Y = 0.381 + 0.016 X$$
$$R^2 = 0.53 \quad SE = 0.27$$

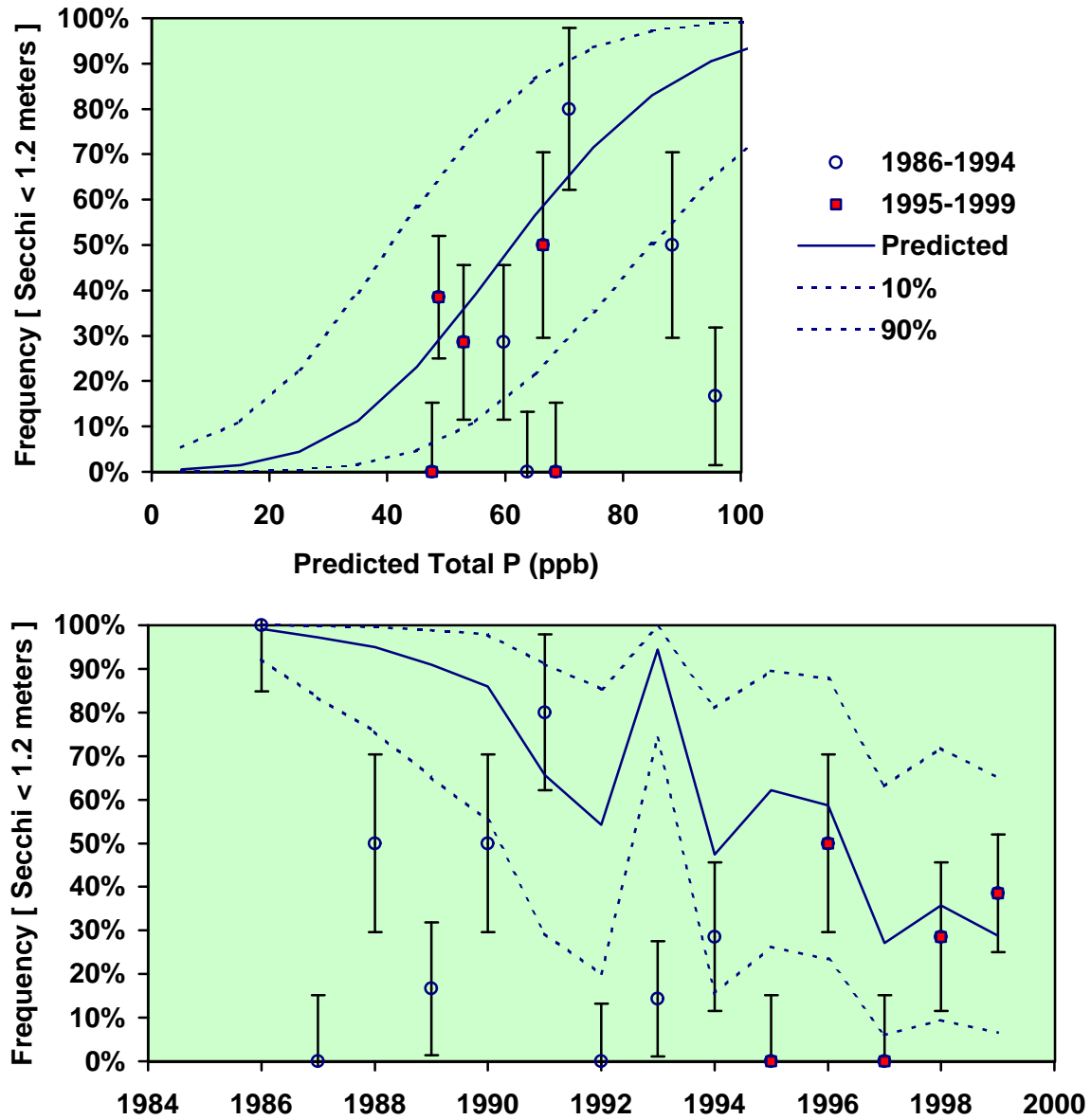
### Observed & Predicted Secchi Depth



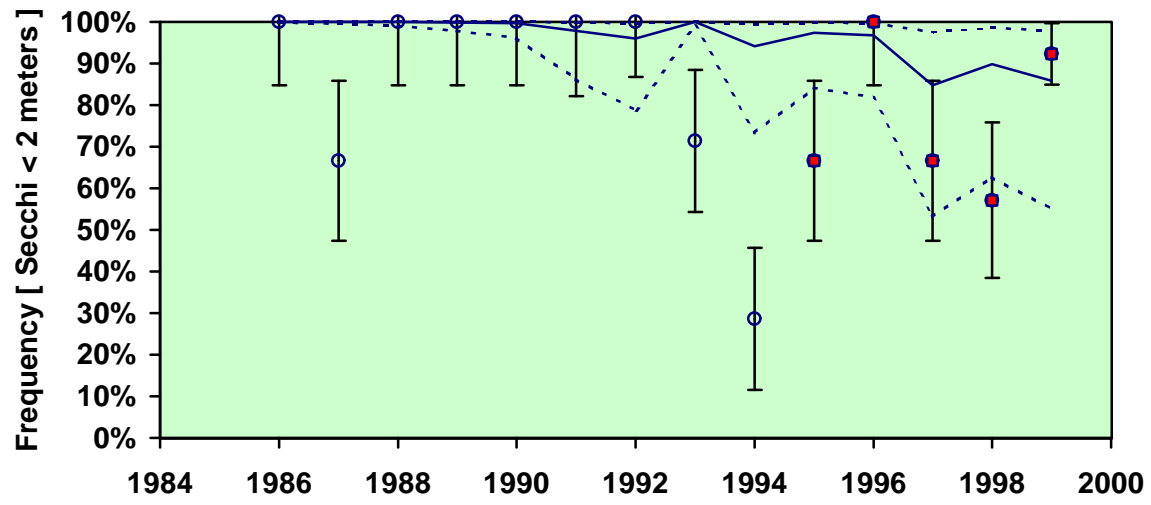
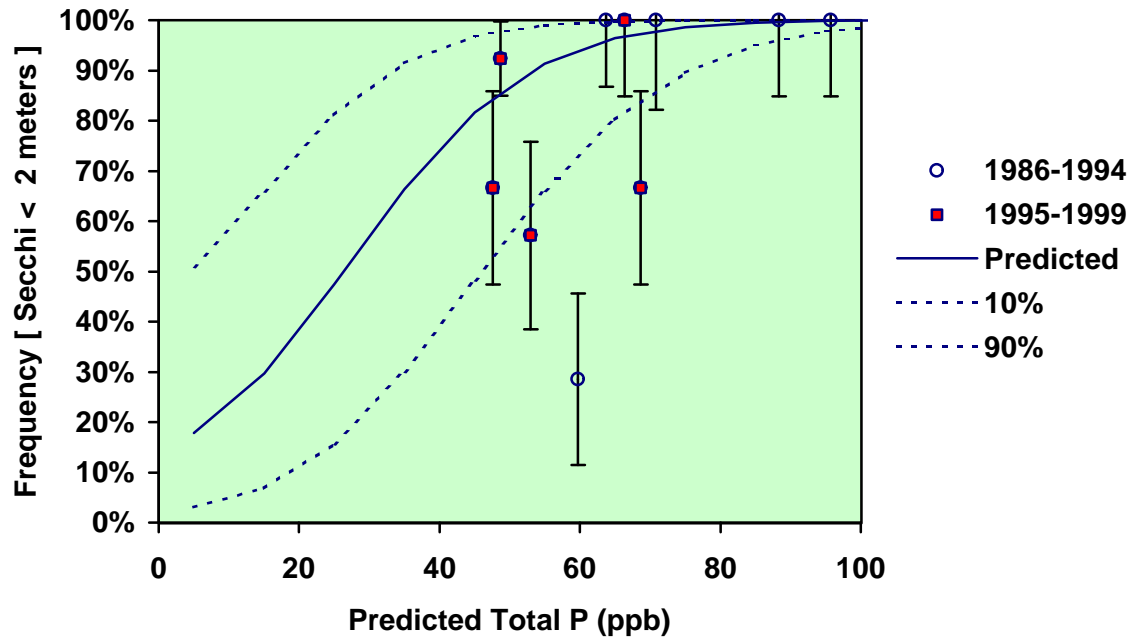
## Secchi Interval Frequencies vs. Mean Secchi



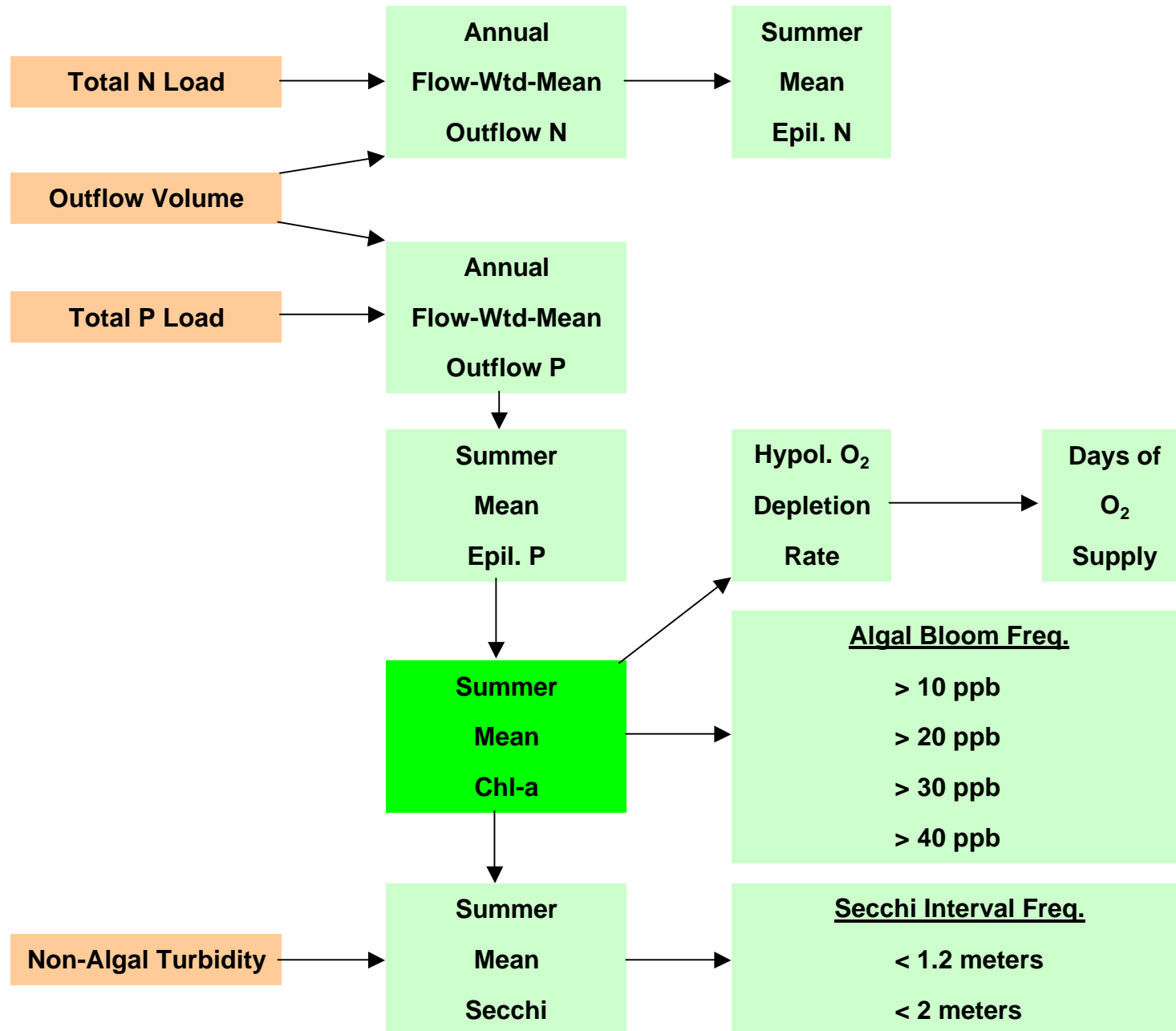
## Observed & Predicted Frequency of Secchi < 1.2 meters



### Observed & Predicted Frequency of Secchi < 2 meters



# Eutrophication Model Network for Onondaga Lake





# Onondaga Lake Empirical Model Network

## Hypolimnetic Oxygen Depletion Rate:

Reference: Walker (1979)

$$\text{Log HOD} = -0.58 + 0.0204 I + 4.55 \log Z - 2.04 (\text{Log } Z)^2$$

$$I = \text{Phosphorus Trophic Index} = -15.6 + 46.1 \log P$$

$$Z = \text{Mean Depth} = 10.90 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{HOD} = 42.3 P^{0.94} \quad \text{not recalibrated}$$

DataSet	Walker(1979)	96-99
---------	--------------	-------

Residual CV	0.23	0.21
-------------	------	------

R <sup>2</sup>	0.91	0.00
----------------	------	------

## Days of Oxygen Supply in Hypolimnion:

Reference: Walker (1979)

$$T_{\text{DO}} = 1000 \text{ DO}_S Z_H / \text{HOD}$$

$$T_{\text{ANOXIC}} = T_{\text{STRAT}} - T_{\text{DO}}$$

$T_{\text{DO}}$  = Oxygen Supply at Spring Turnover (days)

$T_{\text{ANOXIC}}$  = Duration of Anoxic Period (days)

$\text{DO}_S$  = Oxygen at Spring Turnover = 12 ppm

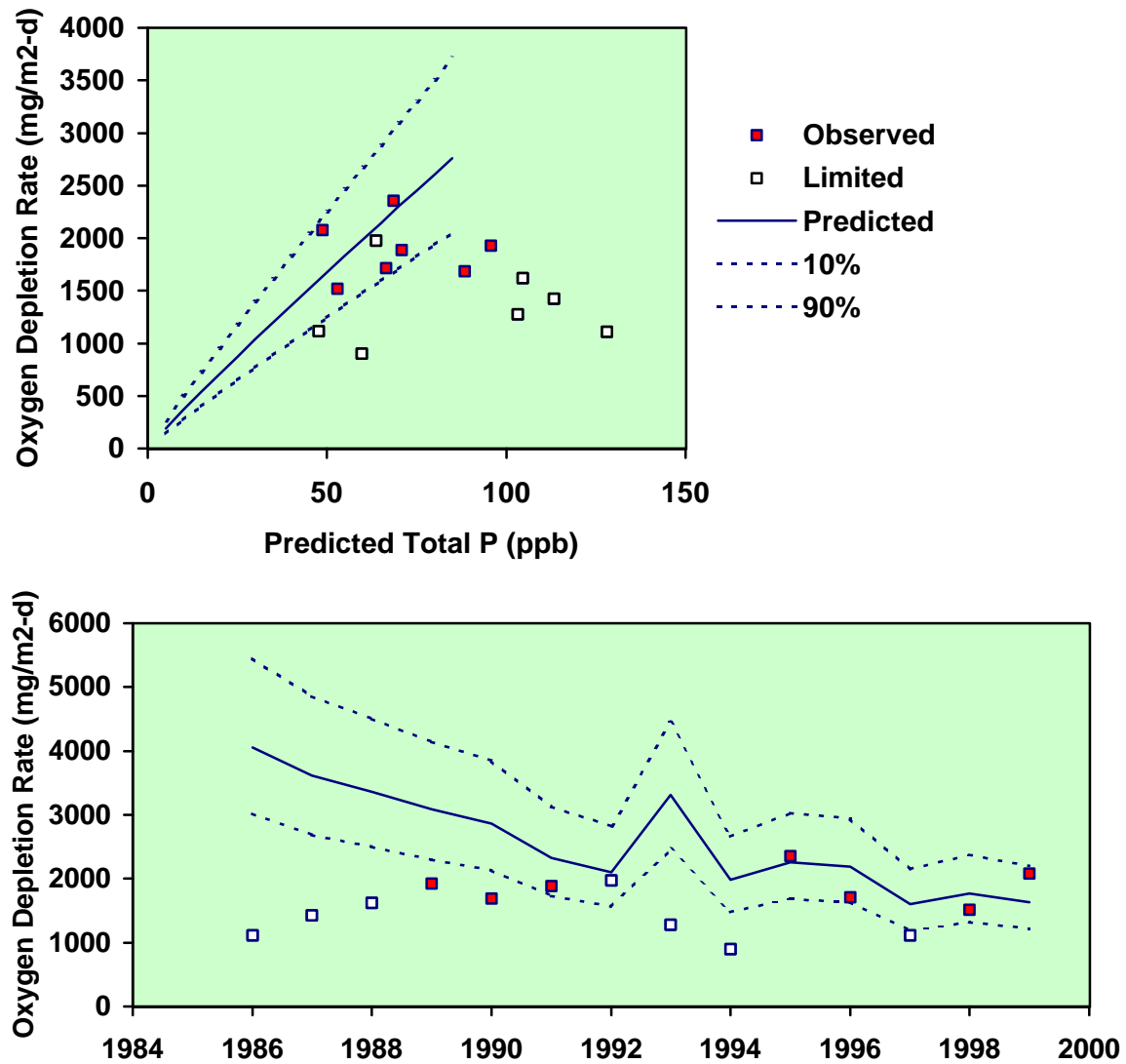
$Z_H$  = Mean Hypolimnetic Depth = 8.34 meters

for 6-meter Thermocline Depth

$T_{\text{STRAT}}$  = Duration of Stratified Period = 183 days

April 15 - October 15

## Observed & Predicted Hypolimnetic Oxygen Depletion Rates



Limited = observed value limited by incomplete spring turnover or partial depletion of oxygen;

## Model & Measurement Errors

<u>Period</u>	<u>Residual Standard Error</u>		<u>Measurement Error*</u>
	<u>Calibration Pd</u> <u>1995-1999</u>	<u>Entire Pd</u> <u>1986-1999</u>	
Inflow P	N/A	N/A	6%
Outflow P	11%	28%	11%
Lake P	9%	13%	11%
Outflow N	7%	8%	5%
Lake N	10%	11%	5%
Mean Chla	24%	N/A	21%
Mean Secchi	19%	N/A	10%
HOD	21%	N/A	

\* Average Relative Standard Error of Observed Mean, 1995-1999

## Onondaga Lake Empirical Eutrophication Model

<u>Model Parameters</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Input Value</u>			
Lake Area	km <sup>2</sup>	11.7			
P Settling Rate	m/yr	22.873			
Epil P / Outflow P	-	0.550			
Outflow P Error CV	-	0.112			
Lake P Error CV	-	0.089			
Chla/P Slope	-	1.460			
Chla/P Intercept	-	0.076			
Chl-a Error CV	-	0.241			
Chla Temporal CV	-	0.600			
Non-Algal Turbidity	1/m	0.381			
Secchi/Chla Slope	m <sup>2</sup> /mg	0.016			
Secchi Error CV	-	0.193			
Secchi Temporal CV	-	0.320			
HOD Intercept	-	42.400			
HOD Slope		0.940			
HOD Error CV		0.230			
Spring DO Conc	ppm	12.000			
Hypol. Depth	m	8.340			
Stratified Period	days	183.000			
<b><u>Scenario</u></b>					
Outflow Volume	hm <sup>3</sup> /yr	399	1995-1999 Average		
Inflow Load	kg/yr	68752	1995-1999 Average		
<b><u>Predicted Reponses</u></b>					
	<u>Units</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Low (10%)</u>	<u>High (90%)</u>	
Outflow P Conc	ppb	103	87	123	
Lake P Conc	ppb	57	49	65	
Mean Chlorophyll-a	ppb	28	19	40	
Algal Bloom Frequencies					
	> 10	0.94	0.81	0.99	
	> 20	0.62	0.36	0.83	
	> 30	0.33	0.14	0.59	
	> 40	0.17	0.05	0.39	
Mean Secchi Depth	m	1.34	1.61	1.08	
Secchi Interval Frequencies					
	< 1.2	0.42	0.22	0.69	
	< 2	0.92	0.80	0.98	
Oxygen Depletion Rate	mg/m <sup>2</sup> -day	1887	1326	2686	
Days of O2 Supply	days	53	75	37	
Anoxic Period	days	130	108	146	

## Evaluation of a Hypothetical Phosphorus Load Scenario

### Control Program:

#### Percent Reduction vs. 1995-1999

	<u>Flow</u>	<u>Conc</u>
NonPoint Sources	<b>0%</b>	<b>20%</b>
Industrial Sources	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>
Municipal Sources	<b>0%</b>	<b>50%</b>

### Lake Mass Balances

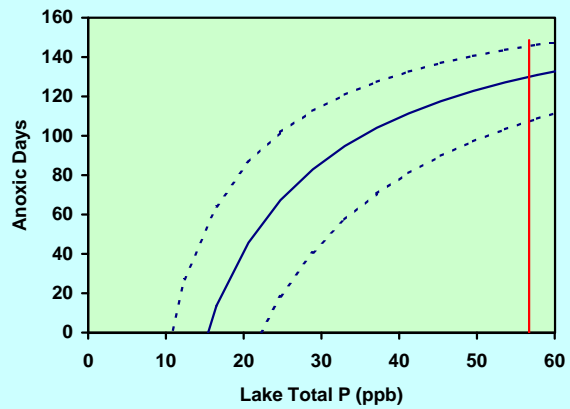
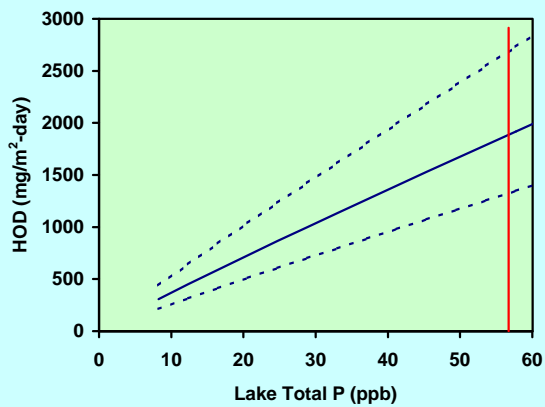
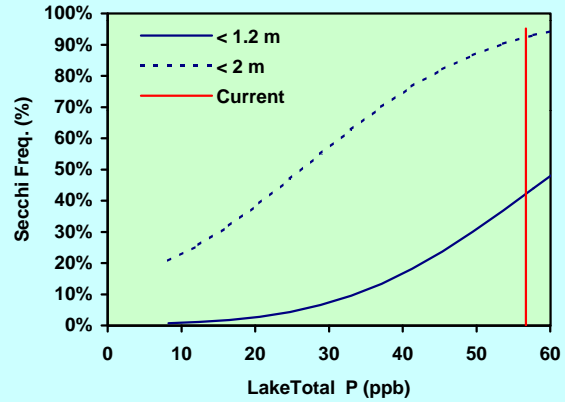
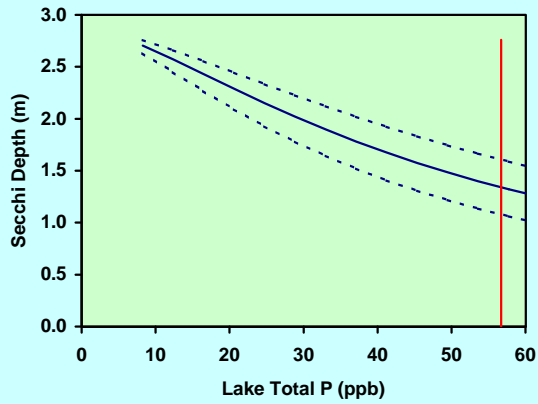
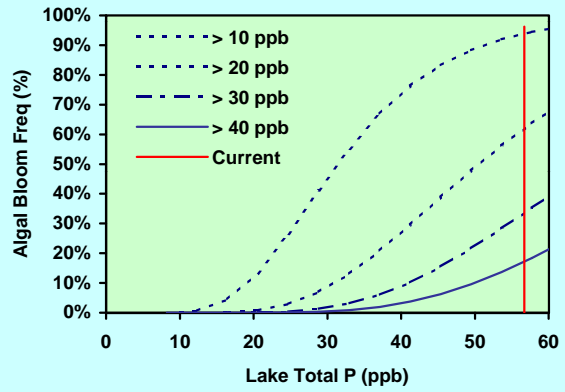
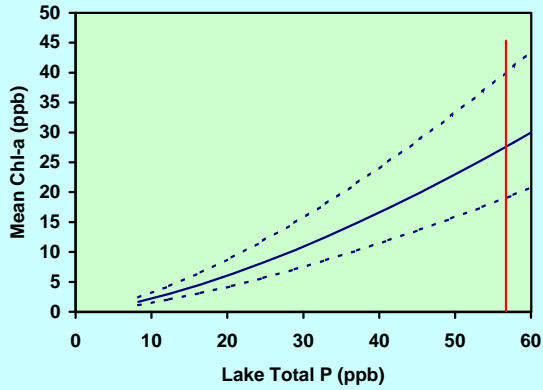
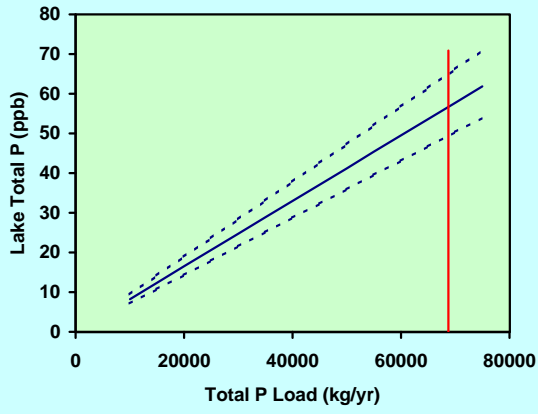
	<u>Hypothetical Case</u>			<u>Calibration: 1995-1999</u>		
	<u>Flow</u> <u>10<sup>6</sup> m3</u>	<u>Load</u> <u>kg</u>	<u>Conc</u> <u>ppb</u>	<u>Flow</u> <u>10<sup>6</sup> m3</u>	<u>Load</u> <u>kg</u>	<u>Conc</u> <u>ppb</u>
Source						
NonPoint	304	20147	66	304	25183	83
Industrial	1	109	117	1	109	117
Municipal	92	21570	235	92	43140	470
Precipitation	11	321	30	11	321	30
<b>Total Inflow</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>42146</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>68752</b>	<b>169</b>
Evaporation	9			9		
Outflow	399	25224	63	399	41148	103
Retention		16922		0	27604	
<b><u>Predicted Water Quality</u></b>	<b><u>Mean</u></b>	<b><u>10%</u></b>	<b><u>90%</u></b>	<b><u>Mean</u></b>	<b><u>10%</u></b>	<b><u>90%</u></b>
Outflow P	63	53	75	103	87	123
Summer Epil. P	35	30	40	57	49	65
Mean Chlorophyll-a	13.5	9.3	19.6	27.6	19.1	39.9
Algal Bloom Frequencies						
> 10	60%	34%	82%	94%	81%	99%
> 20	16%	5%	38%	62%	36%	83%
> 30	4%	1%	15%	33%	14%	59%
> 40	1%	0%	6%	17%	5%	39%
Mean Secchi Depth	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.1
Secchi Interval Frequencies						
< 1.2	11%	5%	23%	42%	22%	69%
< 2	66%	51%	81%	92%	80%	98%
Oxygen Depletion Rate	1191	837	1696	1887	1326	2686
Days of O2 Supply	84	120	59	53	75	37
Anoxic Period	99	63	124	130	108	146

## Predicted Lake Responses to Reductions in Phosphorus Load

Average Outflow = 399 hm<sup>3</sup>/yr

Total P Load = 68752 kg/yr

Dashed lines show 80% prediction intervals



## **Conclusions**

**Historically, Lake P levels responded quickly to reductions in external load.**

**Rapid response suggests that P levels are controlled more by recent external loads than by recycling of historical loads from bottom sediments. The latter may become important with further reductions in external load.**

**Limited response of trophic state to historical reductions in external P load attributed to algal growth limitation by factors other than P.**

**Phosphorus approached growth-limiting levels in 1996-1999:**

**Cumulative effects of historical reductions in external loads**

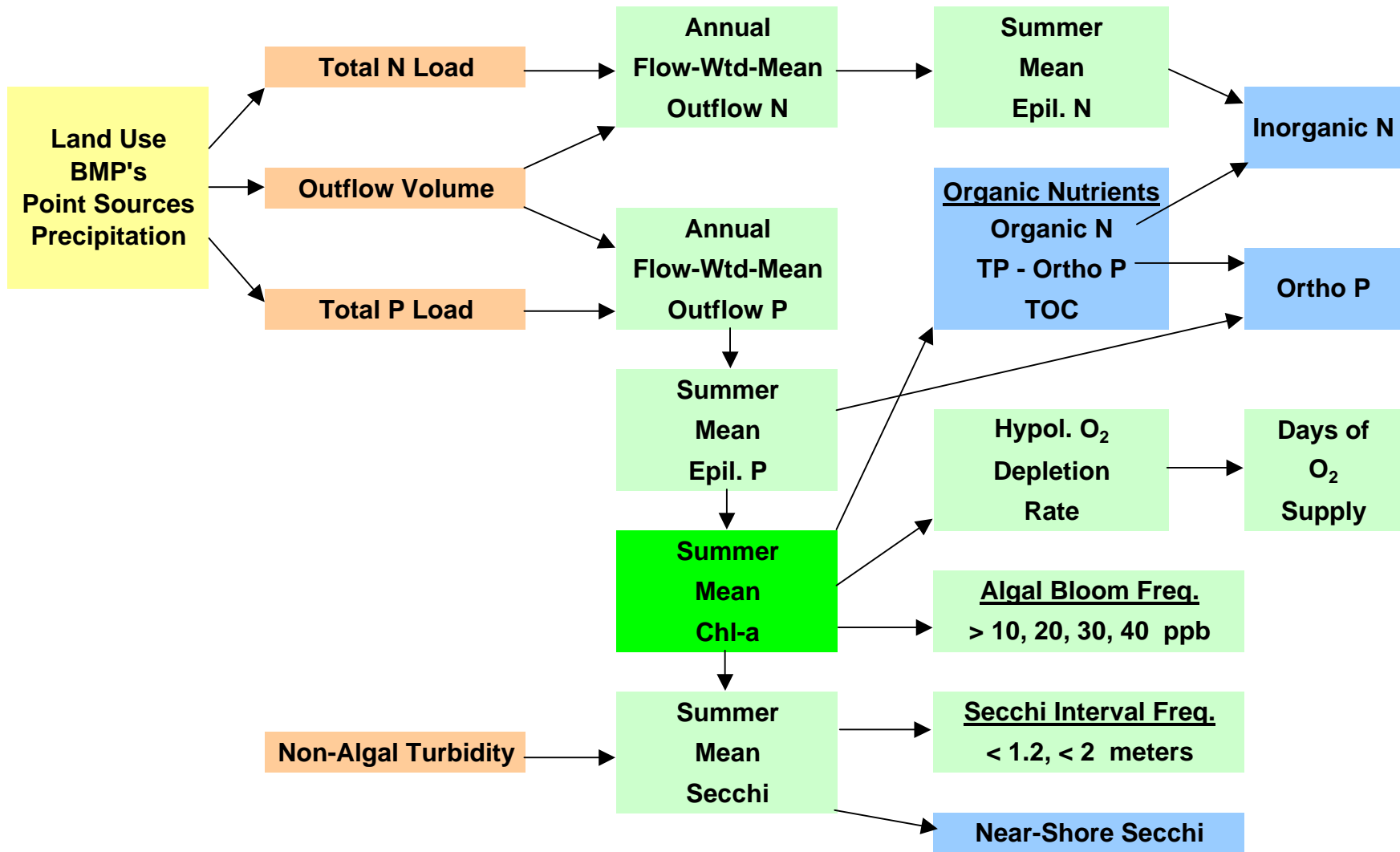
**Reductions in Lake Ortho P levels**

**Convergence of TSI's with predictions of empirical models calibrated to other phosphorus-limited lakes**

**TSI's likely to be more responsive to future reductions in external P load.**

**Residual standard errors are less than or equal to typical values derived from other lake & reservoir data sets.**

## Expanded Eutrophication Model Network for Onondaga Lake





## **Recommendations**

**Use models to track progress relative to lake goals.**

**Recalibrate & refine models every 2-3 years.**

**Perform error analysis to partition measurement error, model error, & year-to-year variations; couple with AMP Statistical Framework.**

**Couple with simple watershed model relating P loads to land use & BMP's**

**Add organic nutrient forms (P, N, C) & near-shore transparency.**

**Modify to account for different responses to point vs. nonpoint loads.**

**Integrate & compare data from other regional lakes.**

**Develop interactive software to evaluate alternative management scenarios under a range of hydrologic conditions.**

**Modify to generate daily loads & monthly mass balances.**

**Couple with Seneca River Model.**

**Consider parallel development of a mechanistic lake model.**